

THE BOURBON NEWS.

CHAMP & MILLER, Editors and Owners.

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SEVENTEENTH YEAR.

PARIS, BOURBON CO., KY., TUESDAY, JANUARY 19, 1897.

NO. 6.

NEW YEAR, 1897.

Everybody
Can Get
Bargains

At Our Cut-Price Sale This Month.

To reduce stock before taking inventory, we will offer the entire line of Chamber Suits, Parlor Suits, Brass and Iron Beds, Carpets and Rugs, Wall Papers, Draperies, etc., at reduced prices.

Sale will be continued through January. Splendid Bargains in each department. Inspection cordially invited.

BROWER, SCOTT & FRAZEE,
LEXINGTON, KY.

Carpets, Furniture, Wall Papers, Draperies

PRIDE OF PARIS,

The Whitest, Purest and
THE BEST

FLOUR.

MADE BY

PARIS MILLING CO.

Ask Your Grocer For It.
Take No Other.

EVERY
SACK
GUARANTEED.



RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTT'S
NERVE PILLS
The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Falling of the Testes, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5.00 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at \$1.00 per box, 6 boxes for \$5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For Sale By W. T. Brooks, Druggist.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

ALL persons having claims against the assigned estate of J. G. Smedley are requested to present them at once, properly proven as required by law, to the undersigned, or their attorney, HARMON STITT.

A. SMEDLEY, } Assignees.
B. D. SMEDLEY, }

(27nov-tf)

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

ALL persons having claims against the assigned estate of A. C. Ball are requested to present them at once, properly proven, as required by law, to the undersigned, or his attorney, HARMON STITT.

PERRY JEFFERSON, Assignee.

(27nov-tf)

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

ALL persons having claims against the assigned estate of M. H. Current are requested to present them at once, properly proven as required by law, to the undersigned, or his attorney, HARMON STITT.

H. C. CURRENT, Assignee.

(27nov-tf)

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

ALL persons having claims against the assigned estate of L. K. Best are requested to present them at once, properly proven as required by law, to the undersigned.

HARMON STITT, Assignee.

(27nov-tf)

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE

ALL persons having claims against the assigned estate of James H. Letton are requested to present them at once, properly proven as required by law, to the undersigned, or his attorney, HARMON STITT.

L. M. GREEN, Assignee.

(27nov-tf)

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the assigned estate of J. J. Peed are requested to present them at once, verified as required by law, to the undersigned, or their attorneys, J. Q. Ward or Harmon Stitt.

J. G. ALLEN, } Assignees.
J. D. PEED, }

(20 nov-3mo)

MILLERSBURG.

News Notes Gathered In And About The 'Burg.

Mr. J. G. Allen visited relatives in Sharpsburg, Sunday.

Mr. Wm. Miller, of Ruddle's Mills precinct, is quite sick.

Mr. Stiles Stirman has been quite sick for the past week.

Rev. Daniel Robert is confined to his bed with rheumatism.

Tom Judy has resigned his position in C. W. Howard's grocery.

Mr. Reynolds Becraft is home from College at Jacksonsville, Ill.

Mr. F. M. Ewing, of Owingsville, visited lady friends here Friday.

Mrs. Ed Ingels and daughter visited her parents in Carlisle, yesterday.

Dr. Huffman and Albert Curtis went to Louisville, Saturday, on business.

M. O. Wilson visited his parents, at Aberdeen, from Friday until yesterday.

Mr. Chas. Allen, of Knoxville, was the guest of Mr. J. G. Allen, Saturday.

Mrs. Rhoda Conway, guest of Mrs. Ashurst, returned to Carlisle yesterday.

Mrs. L. C. Bonier, sister of Mr. Jas. Woolums, returned to Lexington, Saturday.

Miss Ida Collier returned Saturday from a visit with relatives in Mt. Sterling.

Miss Kitty Riggs, guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Ingels, returned to Cynthiana, yesterday.

Mrs. Parham, wife of Prof. Parham, formerly of this place, died in Arkansas, last week.

Mrs. Geo. Huff, of Carlisle, was the guest of Mrs. Harmon Stitt, from Friday until yesterday.

Mr. Jas. Cummings and wife, of Mayaville, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Woolums, Friday.

The Dr. I. R. Best farm, on the Ardery pike, was sold Saturday for \$58,404, to Mr. E. P. Gamble.

Messrs. Wm. McIntyre and Bert McClintock attended the court-day sales at Mt. Sterling, yesterday.

Mrs. Cyrus Hurt Preston, of Paintsville, brought her daughter, Miss Ora Preston, to attend the M. F. C., last week.

Rev. W. M. Britt has commenced a protracted meeting at the Methodist Church, assisted by Rev. Lon Robinson, of Lexington.

John O'Connell, of Carlisle, has rented the room adjoining the postoffice building and the residence above same and will open a saloon in a few days.

See advertisement in another column of W. J. Bryan's new book—"The First Battle." Send your order to Oscar Miller, Hutchison, Ky., agent for Bourbon county.

Miss Margaret Ingels, the talented actress and elocutionist, will give an artistic costume recital next Tuesday night at the opera house. Millersburg should give Miss Ingels a splendid welcome.

FOR SALE.—Sixteen toll-houses and lots will be sold by the County, at the court-house door, at eleven o'clock a. m., on February 1st.

WE are overstocked on children's shoes. We offer special inducements on the best makes until January 1st, for cash.

(tf) DAVIS, THOMPSON & ISGRIG.

Special Notice Of C. & O. Railroad.

THE Chesapeake and Ohio Railway has made concessions which will be thoroughly appreciated by the holders of 1,000 and 2,000 mile books in traveling between Washington and Cincinnati. Hereafter, when the distance traveled is over 450 miles, the first train collector on the C. & O. will detach 450 miles of coupons and issue in exchange ticket good all the way through from the starting point to destination, providing that East bound the distance is 450 miles or over, including, but not beyond, Washington City.

Ramon's Relief cures Sick-Headache, Neuralgia, Cramps, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatism, &c. 25c. for large bottle.

A New Portrait.

PARIS KY., January 12, 1897.

I AM introducing a new portrait made by a new process. It is finer in finish than a large photograph made from life, which could not be produced for less than ten dollars; is beautifully colored in water colors and will never fade. I propose to make just fifty of these pictures, and to introduce them will make the following offer until Feb. 15th 1897:

I will make half dozen of my best cabinets and one (size 16x20 inches) above described portraits, with mat, complete, for \$6. You are not compelled to buy frame from me, but I can sell you frames cheaper than anybody, quality considered. Call and see these portraits. Respectfully,

L. GRINNAN, Photographer.

(12jan-1mo)

Popular Shoes

AT POPULAR PRICES.

Quality and workmanship the best that money can buy. Our \$1.90 shoe for ladies is a beauty.

RION & CLAY.

HUTCHISON.

Fresh Paragraphs About The People In This Vicinity.

Mr. Jo Wills, of Cynthiana, is visiting relatives here.

Jas. R. Bagge bought 22 fat hogs of Walker Bros., at 3 cts. per pound.

Smadley Bros. bought of Robt. Penn 20 catt's shotes at 3 1/2 cents per pound.

Letton Bros. sold two barns of tobacco at 5 1/2 cts and 4 1/2 cts. to W. T. Overby, of Paris.

E. D. Brown sold his crop of tobacco in Louisville, at Buckner House, at 6 1/2 cents.

Mrs. Willard Huffman, of Centerville, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Carrie Pryor.

See advertisement in another column of W. J. Bryan's new book—"The First Battle." Send your order to Oscar Miller, Hutchison, Ky., agent for Bourbon county.

(tf)

The young members of Bethlehem Church met at P. H. Bronaugh's last Thursday night, and organized an Endeavor Society. Mr. Kenny Nichols was elected president; Miss Georgie Ashurst, vice president. The first meeting will be held at Mr. Lloyd Ashurst's the last Thursday night in January.

FOR SALE.—Sixteen toll-houses and lots will be sold by the County, at the court-house door, at eleven o'clock a. m., on February 1st.

SPECIAL COMMISSIONER'S SALE

OF

Land!

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

John Roseberry, Trustee, etc., Plaintiff,

vs

Roseberry Rogers, etc., Defendant.

By virtue of an order of sale in the above styled action rendered at the November Term of the Bourbon Circuit Court, the undersigned Special Commissioner, will, on

WEDNESDAY JAN. 27TH, 1897,

at the Court House door, in Paris, Kentucky, about the hour of 11 o'clock, expose to public sale, for the purpose of reinvestment, the following tract of land lying in Bourbon County, Kentucky:

"Beginning at 10 a point in the center of the Parker Stand Road; then N. 35.50 E 66.56 poles to 2 an angle in dirt road; thence N 39.46 W 77.52 poles to 3 in center of dirt road and corner to Wm J Tarr; then with said Tarr line S 48.15 W 149.68 poles to 4 a stone corner to said Tarr; then N 40.3 W 56-100 poles to 5 a stone corner to same; then S 49.3 W 27.92 poles to 6 a stone in Tarr's line; then S 22.5 E 58.00 poles to 11 and corner to lot No. 2; then N 74.59 E 165.24 poles to the beginning, containing one hundred and ten acres and thirty-two poles of land."

TERMS.—Said property will be sold on credits of six and twelve months for equal parts of the purchase money. The purchaser will be required to execute bonds payable to the undersigned, with good surety to be approved of by him, leaving interest from date until paid, at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, and having the force of a judgment.

THOMAS FISHER, Special Commissioner.

McMILLAN & TALBOTT, Attorneys.

DR. BELL'S

Pine-

Tar-

Honey

will stop

your cough

and cure

the cause

Sold by all druggists or sent upon receipt of price—25c., 50c. and \$1 per bottle by

THE E. E. SUTHERLAND MEDICINE CO.,

PADUCAH, KY.

Ramon's Nerve and Bone Oil cures Rheumatism, Cuts, Sores, Burns and Sprains, for 25c.

Stable For Rent.

ROOMY stable, centrally located. R. Will rent for reasonable terms. Apply at The News office for further particulars.

(27nov-tf)

HERE'S YOUR CHANCE!

We intend to reduce our stock because we are going to move to a different store-room.

We have marked down prices in order to sell quickly all our surplus stock. We can give you some choice bargains now. Come quick. Everything low.

Neckties, Hats, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs—everything is offered for less money than ever before.

Paris Furnishing and Tailoring Co.,

H. S. STOUT, Manager.

WM. HUKILL, JR., Cutter.

THE

Queen & Crescent ROUTE

reaches the principal cities of the South with a service of superbly appointed through trains. Day Coaches and Sleeping Cars through to Harrison, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Birmingham, Tuscaloosa, Meridian, New Orleans, Atlanta, Macon, and Jacksonville. Through Sleeping Cars to Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville; and from Chattanooga to Jackson, Vicksburg, Monroe and Shreveport. Through Tourist Sleepers to Los Angeles and San Francisco. Choice of Routes to Texas, Mexico and California, via New Orleans or via Shreveport.

Short Line from the Blue Grass Cities to Cincinnati with every accommodation to patrons. Free Parlor Cars Lexington to Cincinnati. Cafe, Parlor and Observation Cars between Cincinnati, Lexington and Chattanooga.

Chas. W. Zell, Div. Pass'r Agt., Cincinnati, O. W. C. Rinearson, G. P. A., Cincinnati, O.

A Few Words To My Patrons.

Christmas has come and gone and I have my friends and patrons to thank for the best Christmas business I have ever done. The best goods, low prices and attractive designs did the work.

For the coming year you may expect to see my establishment filled with the best the market supplies. My prices will always conform with the quality of the goods shown, and taking quality for quality, my quotations will be as low as the lowest.

J. T. HINTON.

THE CABINET.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford Spoken of for a Position.

The New England Field Being Scanned for Cabinet Timb—Senator Lodge Would Sooner Remain in the Senate—Favorable Mention of Ex-Gov. Long.

CANTON, O., Jan. 15.—The withdrawal of Mr. Bliss from the list of cabinet possibilities leaves the situation open so far as the choice of a cabinet officer from New York is concerned. Maj. McKinley has not selected a New York republican for his cabinet and there is no reason that he will be in a hurry to do so, indeed, the impression is current that one of the last members of the cabinet to be chosen will be the representative from the state of New York. Gossip, which is never idle, plays with unwonted vivacity about the name of Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, of Brooklyn. Gen. Woodford, said a New York man Thursday, is a lawyer of wide reputation, a successful and popular speaker on financial topics and a man of rare administrative ability. The president-elect knows him exceedingly well, and thinks highly of him. Another New York republican, who is discussed somewhat as a cabinet possibility Thursday night, is Hon. J. Sloat Fassett. If Maj. McKinley has any one in mind from New York, he has given no sign. His secretary of state having been selected, Maj. McKinley's next task will probably be that of choosing a secretary of the treasury, and the chances Thursday night were that this position will not go to New York. The New England field was scanned for cabinet possibilities Thursday by the president-elect, who invited Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, of Massachusetts, to consult with him upon the subject. Senator Lodge said: "I am not a candidate for a cabinet position. I am satisfied to be a senator from Massachusetts. We talked Thursday about ex-Gov. Long and others. Gov. Long is very highly esteemed by the people of our commonwealth."

Maj. McKinley is considering ex-Gov. Long for his cabinet and the chances are that he will be the New England member of it though a portfolio has not been tendered him.

Representative Wm. F. Draper, who has been referred to as a cabinet possibility, will not be considered in that connection, as he desires a foreign appointment. It is understood that the Massachusetts delegation in congress will endorse Gov. Long for the cabinet and that there will be no other person from the state seriously considered.

PAPER MILL BURNED.

DESTRUCTIVE CONFLAGRATION. The Origin of Which is Shrouded in Mystery. CINCINNATI, O., Jan. 15.—The immense paper mill of the Fox Paper Co., located at Crescentville, 15 miles north of Cincinnati, on the Miami railroad, was totally destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock Thursday night. The origin is a mystery. The first seen of the fire was a huge mass of flames that shot upward from the engine room following a loud explosion, whereupon Foreman John Soismann ran to ascertain the cause. He found four barrels of oil ablaze, and at once gave the alarm. The employees made an effort to connect the hose, but were forced to flee from the building on account of the rapid progress of the flames.

The mill was constructed of brick and covered three acres of ground. It was erected about twenty years ago, and was used in the manufacture of building and wrapping paper, being the largest plant of the kind in the state. Maj. Geo. B. Fox, who is secretary of the company, puts the loss at over \$150,000, which includes machinery valued at \$100,000 and over one million pounds of manufactured paper and 50,000 pounds of crude stock. The building was worth \$50,000 and is a complete wreck, there being nothing left but a few blackened walls.

HIGH HAT ORDINANCE

Vetoed by Mayor Swift and One Less Sweeping in Character. CHICAGO, Jan. 15.—The ordinance passed by the city council two weeks ago against the wearing of headgear in theaters and amusement houses during the performance and making the management liable to a fine of \$25 for each offense was vetoed by Mayor Swift Thursday night and a substitute ordinance less sweeping in its scope, was passed and signed by the mayor. There was some question as to the legality of Alderman Plotke's anti-hat ordinance since it provided no penalty against the wearer, and Thursday night Mayor Swift suggested a substitute. The penalty is directed against the woman who persists in wearing a hat at a theater making her liable to a fine of \$3. The management by the new ordinance is exonerated from any responsibility. The ordinance went into effect Friday.

Leland Castle Burned. NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y., Jan. 15.—Leland Castle, owned by Adrian Iselen, jr., and occupied by the Morse school, took fire for the second time at 2 o'clock Thursday morning and was completely destroyed. The building was one of the finest in lower Westchester county, and was built of marble. The first fire broke out at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon and was extinguished after damaging the castle to the extent of \$30,000. The total destruction of the castle is estimated to involve a loss of \$100,000.

Gen. Porter for Secretary of War. NEW YORK, Jan. 15.—"I am not to be a member of Maj. McKinley's cabinet," said Cornelius N. Bliss to a reporter Thursday. Mr. Bliss' refusal of the secretaryship of the navy makes it extremely probable, it is said, that Gen. Horace Porter will now be made secretary of war.

Notorious Princess Leaves Buda-Pesth. BUDA-PESTH, Jan. 15.—The Princess Chimay and her paramour, the Gipsy musician, Rigo, left this city for Nice Thursday. Their departure was very sudden. It is now rumored that the prince is on their track.

MINISTER WILLIS DEAD.

He Contracted a Cold in San Francisco, Some Time Ago.

While on His Way Back to the Islands—The Body Laid in State in the Former Throne Room—Remains to Be Brought to Louisville.

(Correspondence of the United Associated Presses per Steamer Monahai.)

HONOLULU, Jan. 7, via SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—United States Minister Albert S. Willis died at his residence yesterday at 8 a. m. after several months' illness. The direct cause of death was pneumonia, which he first contracted in San Francisco early last year. His condition has been at times such that gave his family hopes of his ultimate recovery, and again it was precarious to a degree that filled his physicians with grave alarm. He has been surrounded at all times by the best medical treatment in the city and every care was given the minister, but in spite of a vigorous constitution, which has assisted him in battling with the disease, he succumbed after long and severe suffering.



ALBERT S. WILLIS.

It is not known whether an escort will be sent with the remains but it seems to be the opinion of a number of citizens that a representative of the foreign office should be detailed as an escort to accompany the remains to Louisville and turn them over to the officials there.

Until the funeral takes place a detail of gentlemen, selected by the minister of foreign affairs will remain at the Willis residence.

Directly the intelligence of the death of Minister Willis was received by the government the flags on the judiciary building and military headquarters were lowered to half mast. Most of the business houses and the shipping followed suit as soon as the death was known.

Mrs. Willis is nearly prostrated from the long care of her husband. The family expects to sail for home with the remains on the steamer Australia on the 13th. The Hawaiian government will accord a state funeral to the deceased representative of the United States to-morrow. The body will lie in state during the morning in the former throne room. Funeral services will be held at 3 p. m. in Central Union church. The procession to the cemetery, where the body will be placed in the receiving vault until the sailing of the steamer, will be preceded by the military and a battalion from the United States steamer Alert. President Dole and the chief officials of the government will follow the mourners. It will be the most imposing funeral since the burial of Kalakaua. Mr. Willis left a small estate but ample life insurance.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 15.—Albert S. Willis was born in Shelby county, Kentucky, in 1843, and served as a democratic representative from the Fifth Kentucky (Louisville) district from the Forty-fifth to the Forty-ninth congress inclusive, when he was succeeded by Mr. Caruth.

After the mission of Paramount Commissioner Blount to Hawaii, and the report he made to the president alluding that Queen Liliouokalani had been wrongfully unseated from the throne of the Hawaiian islands by United States intervention, Mr. Willis was appointed by President Cleveland in September, 1893, minister to Hawaii, and was sent with sealed instructions to restore Liliouokalani to her throne on condition that she grant general amnesty to those concerned in setting up the provisional government and recognize all its bona fide acts and obligations. The queen refused to do this and the upshot was that Mr. Willis eventually recognized the de facto government and was subsequently formally accredited to it. The anxieties of his position had a marked effect upon his health and appearance. When he left for Honolulu he was a fine specimen of physical development with a full black beard and hair. When he returned on leave two years later his hair was white and he was in appearance a wreck of his former self. He discharged his exceedingly difficult duties in Hawaii with marked tact and discretion and was popular there in spite of the adverse circumstances which surrounded him from the start.

President Cleveland was deeply affected by the news of the death of Minister Willis. He had known Mr. Willis for many years, and often they had been closely associated with him. He was an honest and thoroughly capable man whom the president held in the highest esteem, and of whose death he learned with deepest regret.

CONGRATULATIONS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16.—The following dispatch was received Friday:

LONDON, Jan. 15, 1897.

London chamber of commerce desires to express conviction that the treaty just signed will tend to increase friendly feeling between two great English speaking nations and promote extension and security of their commercial and material relations.

CONVENTION, London.

Prof. Swift Gets Another Medal. ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 16.—Prof. Lewis Swift, formerly of Warner's observatory and Lick observatory, received word from London Friday morning that the Royal Astronomical Society of England has awarded to him the Jackson gold medal in recognition of his services to the cause of science in the discovery of comets, nebulae and other wanderers in space. Prof. Swift now has four gold medals. One silver given him by the French government, with which came 500 francs in cash, and four bronze medals.

THE INHUMAN

Edict of Weyler Felt in Havana and Matanzas Provinces—It Deprives Peaceful Citizens of Their Rightful Means of Existence.

KEY WEST, Fla., Jan. 16.—Advice from Havana state that the effect of Weyler's famous Bayate edict of the 1st instant is being felt with more intensity in the provinces of Havana and Matanzas than in that of Pinar del Rio, since these provinces being more thickly populated and with more farms and estates than the former, the wholesale abandonment of the properties and the concentration of the people in the towns will not only augment the misery already prevailing, but also present the serious inconvenience of lodging so many people in towns already full to overflowing.

Without discussing Weyler's inhuman measures in thus depriving peaceful and unoffending citizens of their rightful means of existence, and huddling them in already crowded spaces, exposed to all the rigors of hunger and disease, simply for the sake of clearing the country of so-called rebel sympathizers, a legal point has been sprung by the foreign property owners, especially the Americans, who own large properties in the provinces of Havana and Matanzas, which will surely lead to complications and claims on the Spanish government.

Weyler distinctly states in his decree that those who wish to remain on their properties must exhibit the last tax bill paid. As taxes are levied on productive industries, and those planters have not been able to work on account of the abnormal conditions in the provinces since Gomez' invasion in December, 1895, no taxes have been collected since that time, the government tacitly admitting such unusual circumstances or being powerless to collect them because the rebels were in possession of the country did not press their collections, consequently no taxes have been paid in the country since the date mentioned. Besides that Weyler has unofficially ordered that no sugar crop should be made and now he wants the sugar planters to pay taxes on an industry which they have not been able to produce.

The result has been the managers of the sugar estate, San Antonio, near Madruga, Havana, owned by Mr. Antonio Terry, an American citizen residing in Paris, presented himself to Consul Lee demanding protection, because the military commander of Madruga ordered him to abandon the place, which is one of the most valuable estates in the province, worth half a million dollars, because he did not present the required tax bill.

Consul Lee at once took the case under hand and simultaneously presented the same to the captain general and the state department at Washington. No replies have been received yet either from Weyler or Secretary Olney. To depict the situation in Pinar del Rio nothing can be better said than to translate the report of a trip made to the city of that name by a correspondent of La Lucha:

"All the way traversed by the railroad from Artemisa to Consolation del Sur is, without exaggeration, the most chastized and undoubtedly has suffered most of the rigors of the war. The fields wasted and abandoned, the bushes and trees burned, the huts destroyed, the stone houses, in other times happy homes, converted by the rebels and Spanish alike into heaps of ruins, the cane fields dried up and covered with bushes, by the ravages of fire; the towns—the authorities of which are making great efforts to remedy the necessities of the residents—full of people of poor families, who daily drop down from the hills, extenuated by hunger and emaciated by the fevers."

SENATOR SHERMAN

Arrives in Canton and Has a Conference With President-Elect.

CANTON, O., Jan. 16.—Senators John Sherman, of Ohio, and J. G. Burrows arrived from Washington Friday morning and were met at the station by Capt. R. O. Heistand, who drove with them to the McKinley residence. The meeting between the senators and the president-elect was of most cordial nature. A few minutes after his arrival at the house, Mr. Sherman withdrew with Maj. McKinley for a conference, which lasted two hours. Senator Burrows is here to talk over the Michigan situation and the question of Gen. Alger's appointment to the cabinet will be discussed.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 16.—A special to the Press from Canton says that Senator Sherman said just before leaving for Washington: "I have accepted the portfolio of secretary of state." He left for Washington at 1 p. m. Friday.

POST OFFICE ROBBERS

Run Down With Dogs and Captured—Rumor that They Have Been Lynched. MACON, Ga., Jan. 16.—A special from Adams Park, Ga., says: Charles Forsythe and Willis White, the Negroes who were believed to be the men who shot and fatally wounded Mrs. Rowland, wife of the postmaster, while robbing the post office at this place last year, were run down with dogs and captured near here Friday morning.

Mrs. Rowland died Friday from the effects of the wound and a crowd began to gather for the purpose of lynching them. A report reached Macdonald Friday night to the effect that the mob had taken the men and lynched them. But the rumor has not been verified.

Trial of a Torpedo Boat.

NEWPORT, R. I., Jan. 16.—Torpedo boat No. 16 had another trial Friday. With 129 pounds of steam in her boiler and 110 at the engines up to 23 and were made. Friday there was ship from the torpedo station a portion of the air compressor plant for torpedo boat No. 8, building at Seattle, Wash.

Hunting for a Fishboat.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 16.—A United States revenue cutter is at Newport News looking for the coal barge J. Ward, of Philadelphia, which is supposed to have been on board arms and ammunition for the Cuban insurgents.

NO INDICATION

Of Cuban Resolutions Being Called Up in the Senate.

Pacific Railway Matters and the Nicaragua Canal Bill Will Also Be Considered—No Programme of Business Arranged for the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Appropriation bills will demand attention of the senate this week. The army bill has been reported and the military academy and legislative bill will be reported from the committee Monday.

Senator Morgan will probably address the senate Monday on the bill for the appointment of a board of government trustees and operate the Pacific railroads until the government's claim is liquidated.

The Nicaragua canal bill, in connection with the decision of the republican steering committee, will be made the unfinished business Monday.

The proposition to guarantee the canal bonds will be antagonized by Messrs. Turpie, Vest, Teller and others.

There is no indication of any intention to call up the Cameron Cuban resolution. The utterances of Mr. Sherman on this subject since the formal announcement of his acceptance of the state department portfolio are looked upon by his associates as a request from the incoming administration that nothing should be done pending its accession to power. Several influential senators who were previously charged with being "Junglers" have since their visit to Canton become very conservative, and no one on the republican side of the chamber is now urging action of any kind with respect to the war in Cuba.

The extradition treaties between the United States and the Orange Free State and the Argentine republic will probably be disposed of this week, and the rest of the time will be devoted to clearing up matter on the calendar. In the house of representatives no programme of business has been arranged except a Virginia contested election case. It is the expectation of the members of the committee on rules that in the course of the week the agriculture and Indian appropriation bills will be considered.

Talmage on the Arbitration Treaty.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Dr. DeWitt Talmage, who succeeded Dr. Sunderland in the active pastorate of the Presbyterian church in Washington, in his sermon Sunday morning referred to the pending arbitration treaty with Great Britain, characterizing it as the mightiest, grandest movement for driving brutal war out of the earth. He said the men who on either side of the sea did most to effect that plan of arbitration have made themselves immortal. The evening of the present administration of the United States government has been honored with the greatest and gladdest event of 18 centuries. All civilized nations will copy the sublime example. He implored the senate to promptly ratify the treaty. Mr. Cleveland was not present at the services.

Peace Treaty May Not Pass the Senate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—It is doubtful if the arbitration treaty with Great Britain, signed by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote last week, and now before the senate, will be able to run the gauntlet of that body. If the treaty fails to receive the necessary two-thirds votes to make it valid and binding, it will be largely due to the tactless statement of Secretary Olney just before the holidays in declaring that the recognition of the republic of Cuba was purely an executive function, and that congress must keep its hands off.

Ex-Speaker Crisp Eulogized.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Most of the time in the house Saturday was devoted to the delivery of eulogies upon the late ex-Speaker Charles F. Crisp.

WILLIS' SUCCESSOR.

The Appointment Likely to Be Left to President McKinley.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—The state department only Saturday morning received official news of the death of Minister Willis, and that in briefest of telegrams. Usually when a man of war is available the remains of a minister dying abroad are placed on board the warship and brought home in state. The only United States vessel now in the harbor of Honolulu is the old-fashioned corvette Alert of 500-horse power with a single crew and of only 1,020 tonnage. It would take her at least 15 days to make the voyage from Honolulu to San Francisco, and she has no accommodations suitable for the comfort of the deceased minister's family, consisting of his wife and only son. The family, it is understood, distinctly preferred that the body should be transported by the regular mail steamer which was to leave Honolulu on the 13th of January and is due in San Francisco on January 20. There is no doubt that this course has been taken. In view of the broad divergence of views between the president and congress on the Hawaiian question it is altogether probable that President Cleveland will leave the appointment of Minister Willis' successor to President-elect McKinley.

The Fishermen Land on Green Island. MENOMINEE, Mich., Jan. 18.—The fishermen on the ice floe, believed to have been in such great danger Friday, are all safe, having landed on Green Island at the first manifestation of danger.

Prominent Italian Merchant Dead.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—Chevalier Louis Contencin, ex-consul general to the two Sicilies and one of the most prominent Italian merchants in the city, died at 10 o'clock Sunday night at his residence in this city, of appendicitis, from which he has been suffering but a few days.

The Carina's Illness.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—The Sunday Times confirms the report of the illness of the carina. It says that her condition, which is very serious, has ended for the present in the hopes of the birth of an heir.

INDEPENDENCE

Forever From the Spanish Yoke the Insurgents' Only Terms.

The Insurgent General Very Indignant Over the Reports Circulated in the United States That He Was Ready to Enter Upon Other Negotiations.

NEW YORK, Jan. 18.—A special cable dispatch to the Sun from Havana says: Information is received here from a reliable source that Gen. Gomez and the Cuban government have been addressed by the junta of New York requesting from them an official declaration of their sentiments with regard to the arrangement reported in New York to be making between the cabinets of Madrid and Washington for granting to Cuba some reforms from Spain or home rule in order to satisfy the revolutionists.

A special messenger from Havana carried the document, which arrived safely in the hands of Gomez and President Cisneros at a place near the boundary of the province of Matanzas. Gen. Gomez was very indignant over the news that he was reported in the United States to be ready to enter upon any negotiations whatsoever with the Spaniards which are not based upon the absolute independence of the island. He at once prepared an answer which will be signed, not only by himself but by the government, emphatically denouncing as lies all the reports about him spread by the Spanish legation in Washington, and declaring that the war will continue until Cuba is released forever from the Spanish yoke. This answer will not go to New York by way of Havana. It is intended for publication by all the newspapers of America.

The extradition treaties between the United States and the Orange Free State and the Argentine republic will probably be disposed of this week, and the rest of the time will be devoted to clearing up matter on the calendar.

In the house of representatives no programme of business has been arranged except a Virginia contested election case. It is the expectation of the members of the committee on rules that in the course of the week the agriculture and Indian appropriation bills will be considered.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

And the District Presidents to Adjust the Miners' Wage Scale According to Conditions.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 18.—Just before adjourning sine die late Saturday night the United Mine Workers' convention rescinded the resolution fixing February 1 as the date for the new wage scale to take effect, and empowered the national executive committee and the district presidents to adjust the wage scale according to the conditions. The joint meeting of the operators and miners, set for Monday was also declared off, the Pittsburgh operators not being willing to join the meeting. The action of the convention in rescinding the wage scale resolution was forced by expressions from many of the delegates to the effect that many of their constituents were opposed to entering on a strike, and the certainty that the operators would not increase wages at this time except at the end of a long strike.

President Hatchford, of the United Mine workers, has called a meeting of the new national executive committee here Monday. As this committee has expected that this matter will be taken through President Hatchford said Sunday night that he did not know what would be done.

JUDGE M'KENNA.

Of California, Calls Upon President-Elect McKinley; Also Senators Quay and Penrose.

CANTON, O., Jan. 18.—Judge Joseph McKenna, of California, whose name has been prominently mentioned in the dispatches of the United Presses from Canton, as the leading Pacific slope cabinet possibility, arrived here Saturday morning, and was an early caller at Maj. McKinley's house. The fact that Judge McKenna, who is on the United States bench, made the trip from California to Canton at this time seems to indicate that he will be offered and will accept a cabinet portfolio.

Senator Quay and Senator-elect Penrose, arrived here Saturday morning and called on Maj. McKinley. One topic of conversation was the proposed appointment of Charles Emory Smith, of Philadelphia, to the cabinet. It is understood that Mr. Quay is not personally opposed to Mr. Smith.

New Fort at Galveston.

GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 18.—Maj. Miller, chief engineer in charge of government improvements here, has received authority to purchase a site for another fort to be erected at Bolivar Point. As the location has not been definitely decided upon the engineers can not as yet state its probable cost or armament. It is estimated that the government will expend during the present year on forts and fortifications at this point a sum approximating \$750,000.

Sherman Erroneously Quoted.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 18.—Senator Sherman said Sunday night, with regard to certain alleged interviews with him on the Cuban question, that he had not made any statement that could be construed as an indication of the policy of the incoming administration on that matter. In so far as this appeared in the press dispatches he had been erroneously quoted.

National Association of Manufacturers Meeting.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 18.—Postal card returns thus far received at the office of the National Association of Manufacturers indicate that a very large proportion of the entire membership of the association will be in attendance at the second annual convention of the association, which is to be held in Philadelphia January 26, 27 and 28.

Tillman Abandons the Contest.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 18.—Hon. G. N. Tillman, the late republican candidate for governor, has abandoned his contest for Taylor's election. He published a card Saturday in which he states that this course was necessitated by the act of the legislature requiring him to give bond for \$25,000, before proceeding with the contest.

Three Children Asphyxiated.

BOSTON, Jan. 18.—Mary N. Reynolds, aged seven years; Margaret H. Reynolds, aged four, and Annie Connelly, aged 14, were asphyxiated by gas at 107 Heath street.

Cold

Is dangerous. We require heat. We need pure, warm, nourishing blood to keep us warm and guard against sickness. Good blood is given by

Hood's Sarsaparilla
The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.
Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

A Prompt Answer.

The Washington Post tells this story of Col. Wallace S. Jones, United States consul general at Rome, Italy, now on a visit to this country: "Col. Jones is a Floridian, and has been in the consular service in Italy for the last ten years. He is a gentleman of wit, tact and culture, and his ability to make a happy response at the right time brought him into the good graces of Queen Margherita on his first appearance at court. The queen asked him from which state he hailed, and, on being told, said that he had often heard Florida described as a very beautiful country. 'Yes, your majesty,' was the prompt reply, 'we call it at home the Italy of America.'"

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and if it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circular free.

J. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

People often abuse their own relatives merely for the sake of having you contradict them.—Washington Democrat.

Fits stopped free and permanently cured. No fits after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. Free \$2.00 bottle and treatise. DR. KLINE, 933 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

We should do everything we can for others, if only to dissipate the thought of what they omit to do for us.—N. Y. Weekly.

Piso's Cure for Consumption relieves the most obstinate coughs.—Rev. D. BUCHMUELLER, Lexington, Mo., Feb. 24, '94.

Some people blame Providence for things that even a very ignorant man would be ashamed of.—Washington Democrat.

Stand straight and strong—St. Jacobs Oil cures lame back—cures promptly.

A woman sharpens a pencil pigcoteed.—Aitchison Globe.

Cascarates stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe, 10c.

Ideas are a capital that bear interest only in the hands of talent.—N. Y. Weekly.

Use St. Jacobs Oil and say to rheumatism: "Will see you later."

We all like to put off disagreeable jobs as long as possible.—Washington Democrat.

Wines bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic, cure guaranteed, 10c, 25c.

Some very trifling people are well posted on Scripture.—Washington Democrat.

Use St. Jacobs Oil promptly and freely and say good-bye to neuralgia.

The longer a woman has been married the larger a dollar grows to her.

Nature's Detectives.

When a crime is committed, no matter in what corner of the earth the criminal tries to hide, he knows that probably somewhere or other on the look-out is a detective waiting to lay his hand on him. When any disease attacks mankind and hides itself on the human system, no matter how obscure or complicated the disease may be, Nature has her great force of detective remedies that will eventually hunt down and arrest that particular disease.

Lung and bronchial diseases are among the most baffling complaints which doctors have to deal with, because it isn't the lungs or bronchial tubes alone which are affected, but every corner of the system furnishes a lurking place for these elusive maladies. They change and reappear and dodge about the system under numberless disguises. They are almost always complicated with liver or stomach troubles, nervousness, neuralgia, or "general debility."

The best detective remedy which Nature has provided to search out and arrest these perplexing ailments is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It lays an arresting hand directly upon the poisonous, paralyzing elements hiding in the liver and digestive organs.

It gives the blood-making glands power to manufacture an abundant supply of pure, red, highly vitalized blood which reinforces the lungs with healthy tissue; feeds the nerve-centres with power, and builds up solid muscular flesh and active energy. For weak lungs, spitting of blood, shortness of breath, nasal catarrh, bronchitis, severe coughs, asthma, and kindred affections, it is a sovereign remedy. While it promptly cures the severest cough it strengthens the system and purifies the blood.

OPIUM HABIT DRUNKENNESS
AND ALL THE EVILS OF THE TONGUE
Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEWIS & CLARK, O. R.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives relief and cures quickly. Send for book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment free. Dr. H. B. GREEN'S, 200 N. 3rd St., St. Louis, Mo.

YUGATAN, KING OF GUMS.
PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS
Best Cough Syrup, Cures Croup, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, etc.
In time. Sold by druggists.

AT CONFESSION.

If my soul's life, dear heart, before thy sight
Should lie an open book that thou might'st
read,
So vain, so hapless, there, my sorry plight,
Then would I fear to lose thy love indeed.
But if, by love made plain, thou sawest
aright,
In words invisible 'twixt line and line,
What record there I struggle to indite,
My soul to thee would seem a thing divine.
When to thine own my soul would open
wide
Her love's unfathom'd depths, no words
will come,
Tossed in upon my thoughts' tumultuous
tide.
I may but say: "I love thee," or be dumb.
Yet in these three such subtle life doth hide
That even as I write, they mean, I trow,
Though thrice repeated while the hour doth
bide,
A thousand things they never meant till
now.
—Anne F. Maclean, in New Bohemian.

THE MISTRESS of the Mine.

or A Woman Intervenes.
By Robert Barr.

[Copyright, 1895, by Robert Barr.]

CHAPTER XXI.—CONTINUED.

"Good day, Mr. Wentworth," said the financier, cordially.
"Good day," replied George, curtly.
"I have come to read a cable dispatch to you, or to let you read it." He threw the dispatch down before the old gentleman, who adjusted his spectacles and read it. Then he looked up inquiringly at Wentworth.
"You don't understand it, do you?" said the latter.
"I confess I do not. The Longworth in this telegram does not refer to me, does it?"
"No, it does not refer to you, but it refers to one of your house. Your nephew, William Longworth, is a scoundrel!"
"Ah," said the old man, placing the dispatch on the desk again and removing his glasses. "Have you come to tell me that?"
"Yes, I have. Did you know it before?"
"No, I did not," answered the old gentleman, his color rising, "and I do not know it now. I know you say so, and I think very likely you will be glad to take back what you have said. I will at least give you the opportunity."
"So far from taking it back, Mr. Longworth, I shall prove it. Your nephew formed a partnership with my friend Kenyon and myself to float on the London market a certain Canadian mine."
"My dear sir," broke in the old gentleman, "I have no desire to hear of my nephew's private speculations. I have nothing to do with them. I have nothing to do with your mine. The matter is of no interest whatever to me, and I must decline to hear anything about it. You are, also, if you will excuse my saying so, not in a fit state of temper to talk to any gentleman. If you like to come back here when you are calmer, I shall be very pleased to listen to what you have to say."
"I shall never be calmer on this subject. I have told you that your nephew is a scoundrel. You are pleased to deny the accusation."
"I do not deny it; I merely said I did not know it was the case, and I do not believe it, that is all."
"Very well; the moment I begin to show you proofs that things are as I say—"
"My dear sir," cried the elder man, with some heat, "you are not showing proof. You are merely making assertions, and assertions about a man who is absent—who is not here to defend himself. If you have anything to say against William Longworth, come and say it when he is here, and he shall answer for himself. It is cowardly of you, and ungenerous to me, to make a number of accusations which I am in no wise able to refute."
"Will you listen to what I have to say?"
"No; I will not."
"Then, by God, you shall!" and with that Wentworth strode to the door and turned the key, while the old man rose from his seat and faced him.
"Do you mean to threaten me, sir, in my own office?"
"I mean to say, Mr. Longworth, that I have made a statement which I am going to prove to you. I mean that you shall listen to me, and listen to me now."
"And, I say, if you have anything to charge against my nephew, come and say it when he is here."
"When he is here, Mr. Longworth, it will be too late to say it; at present you can repair the injury he has done. When he returns to England you cannot do so, no matter how much you might wish to make the attempt."
The old man stood irresolute for a moment; then he sat down in his chair again.
"Very well," he said, with a sigh, "I am not so combative as I once was. Go on with your story."
"My story is very short," said Wentworth. "It simply amounts to this: You know your nephew formed a partnership with us in relation to the Canadian mine?"
"I know nothing about it, I tell you," answered Mr. Longworth.
"Very well, you know it now."
"I know you say so."
"Do you doubt my word?"
"I will tell you more about that when I hear what you have to say. Go on."
"Well, your nephew, pretending to aid us in forming this company, did everything to retard our progress. He engaged offices that took a long time to fit up, and which we had, at last, to take a hand in ourselves. Then he left for a week, leaving no address, and refusing to answer the letters I sent to his office for him. On one pretext or another the forming of the company was delayed, until, at length, when the option by which Mr. Kenyon held the mine had only a month to run, your nephew

went to America in company with Mr. Melville, ostensibly to see and report upon the property. After waiting a certain length of time and hearing nothing from him (he had promised to cable us), Kenyon went to America to get a renewal of the option. This cablegram explains his success. He finds, on going there, that your nephew has secured the option of the mine in his own name, and, as Kenyon says, we are cheated. Now, have you any doubt whether your nephew is a scoundrel or not?"
Mr. Longworth mused for a few moments on what the young man had told him.
"If what you say is exactly true, there is no doubt that William has been guilty of a piece of very sharp practice."
"Sharp practice!" cried the other.
"You might as well call robbery sharp practice!"
"My dear sir, I have listened to you; now I ask you to listen to me. If, as I say, what you have stated is true, my nephew has done something which I think an honorable man would not do; but as to that I cannot judge until I hear his side of the story. It may put a different complexion on the matter, and I have no doubt it will; but, even granting your version is true in every particular, what have I to do with it? I am not responsible for my nephew's actions. He has entered into a business connection, it seems, with two young men and has outwitted them. That is probably what the world would say about it. Perhaps, as you say, he has been guilty of something worse, and has cheated his partners. But even admitting everything to be true, I do not see how I am responsible in any way."
"Legally, you are not; morally, I think, you are."
"Why?"
"If he were your son—"
"But he is not my son; he is my nephew."
"If your son had committed a theft, would you not do everything in your power to counteract the evil he had done?"
"I might and I might not. Some fathers pay their son's debts, others do not. I cannot say what action I should take in a purely supposititious case."
"Very well, all I have to say is, your option runs out in two or three days. Twenty thousand pounds will secure the mine for us. I want that £20,000 before the option ceases."
"And do you expect me to pay you £20,000 for this?"
"Yes, I do."
Old Mr. Longworth leaned back in his office chair and looked at the young man in amazement.
"To think that you, a man of the city, would come to me, another man of the city, with such an absurd idea in your head, is simply grotesque."
"Then the name of the Longworths is nothing to you—the good name, I mean?"
"The good name of the Longworths, my dear sir, is everything to me; but I think it will be able to take care of itself without any assistance from you."
There was silence for a few moments. Then Wentworth said in a voice of suppressed anguish: "I thought, Mr. Longworth, one of your family was a scoundrel. I now wish to say I believe the epithet covers uncle as well as nephew. You have a chance to repair the mischief one of your family has done. You have answered me with contempt. You have not shown me the slightest indication of wishing to make amends."
He unlocked the door.
"Come, now," said old Mr. Longworth, rising, "that will do, that will do, Mr. Wentworth." Then he pressed an electric bell, and when the clerk appeared, he said: "Show this young gentleman the door, please, and if he ever calls again, do not admit him."
And so George Wentworth, clenching his hands with rage, was shown to the door. He had the rest of the day to ponder on the fact that an angry man seldom accomplishes his purpose.

CHAPTER XXII.

The stormy interview with Wentworth disturbed the usual serenity of Mr. Longworth's temper. He went home earlier than was customary with him that night, and the more he thought over the attack, the more unjustifiable it seemed. He wondered what his nephew had been at, and tried to remember what Wentworth had charged against him. He could not recollect, the angrier portions of the interview having, as it were, blotted the charges from his mind. There remained, however, a bitter resentment against Wentworth. Mr. Longworth searched his conscience to see if he could be in the least to blame, but he found nothing in the recollection of his dealings with the young men to justify him in feeling at all responsible for the disaster that had overtaken them. He read his favorite evening paper with less than his usual interest, for every now and then the episode in his office would crop up in his mind. Finally he said sharply: "Edith?"
"Yes, father," answered his daughter.
"You remember a person named Wentworth whom you had here the evening William went away?"
"Yes, father."
"Very well. Never invite him to this house again."
"What has he been doing?" asked the young woman, in a rather tremulous voice.
"I desire you never to ask anyone connected with him, that man Kenyon, for instance," continued her father, ignoring her question.
"I thought," she answered, "that Mr. Kenyon was not in this country at present."
"He is not, but he will be back again, I suppose. At any rate I wish to have nothing more to do with those people. You understand that?"
"Yes, father."
Mr. Longworth went on with his reading. Edith saw that her father was greatly disturbed, and she much desired to know what the reason was,

but knew enough of human nature to believe that, in a very short time, he would relieve her anxiety. He again appeared to be trying to fix his attention on the paper. Then he threw it down and turned toward her.
"That man Wentworth," he said, bitterly, "behaved to-day in a most unbecomingly manner to me in my office. It seems that William and he and Kenyon embarked in some mine project. I knew nothing of their doings, and was not even consulted with regard to them. Now it appears William has gone to America and done something Wentworth considers wrong. Wentworth came to me and demanded £20,000—the most preposterous thing ever heard of—said I owed it to clear the good name of Longworth, as if the good name were dependent on him, or any one like him. I turned him out of the office."
Edith did not answer for a few moments, while her father gave expression to his indignation by various ejaculations that need not be here recorded.
"Did he say," she spoke at length, "in what way William had done wrong?"
"I do not remember now just what he said. I know I told him to come again when my nephew was present, and then make his charges against him, if he wanted to do so. Not that I admitted I had anything to do with the matter at all, but I simply refused to listen to charges against an absent man. I paid no attention to them."
"That certainly was reasonable," replied Edith. "What did he say to it?"
"Oh, he abused me, and abused William, and went on at a dreadful rate, until I was obliged to order him out of the office."
"But what did he say about meeting William at your office and making the charges against him then?"
"What did he say? I don't remember. Oh, yes, he said it would be too late then; that they had only a few days to do what business they have to do, and that is why he made the demand for £20,000. It was to repair the harm, whatever the harm was, William had done. I look on it simply as some blackmailing scheme of his, and I am astonished that a man belonging to as good a house as he does should try that game with me. I shall speak to the elder partner about it to-morrow, and if he does not make the young man apologize in the most abject manner, he will be the loser by it, I can tell him that."
"I would think no more about it, father, if I were you. Do not let it trouble you in the least."
"Oh, it doesn't trouble me; but young men nowadays seem to think they can say anything to their elders."
"I mean," she continued, "that I would not go to his partner for a day or two. Wait and see what happens. I



"Did he say," she spoke at length, "in what way William had done wrong?"

have no doubt when he thinks over the matter, he will be thoroughly ashamed of himself."
"Well, I hope so!"
"Then give him the chance of being ashamed of himself, and take no further steps in the matter."
Edith, very shortly afterward, went to her own room, and there, clasping her hands behind her, she walked up and down, thinking, with a very troubled heart, on what she had heard. Her view of the matter was very different from that of her father. She felt certain something wrong had been done by her cousin. For a long time she had distrusted his supposed friendship for the two young men, and now she pictured to herself John Kenyon in the wilds of Canada, helpless and despondent because of the great wrong that had been done him. It was far into the night when she retired, and it was early next morning when she arose. Her father was bright and cheerful at breakfast, and had evidently forgotten all about the unpleasant incident of the day before. A good night's sleep had erased it from his memory. Edith was glad of this, she did not mention the subject. After he had gone to the city the young woman prepared to follow him. She did not take her carriage, but hailed a hansom and gave the driver the number of Wentworth's offices. That young man was evidently somewhat surprised to see her. He had been trying to write to Kenyon some account of his interview with old Mr. Longworth, and, somehow, after he had finished, he thought John Kenyon would not at all approve of his zeal, so had just torn the letter up.
"Take this chair," he said, wheeling an armchair into position. "It is the only comfortable one we have in the room."
"Comfort does not matter," said Miss Longworth; "I came to see you about the mica mine. What has my cousin done?"
"How do you know he has done anything?"
"That does not matter. I know. Tell me as quickly as you can what he has done."
"It is not a very pleasant story to tell," he said, "to a young lady about one of her relatives."
"Never mind that. Tell me."
"Very well, he has done this: He has pretended he was our friend and pretended he was going to aid us in forming this company. He has delayed us by every means in his power until the op-

tion has nearly expired. Then he has gone to Canada and secured for himself and a man named Melville the option of the mine when John Kenyon's time is up. That is to say, at twelve o'clock to-morrow, when Kenyon's option expires, your cousin will pay the money and will own the mine; after which, of course, Kenyon and myself will be out of it. I don't mind the loss at all. I would gladly give Kenyon my share; but for John it is a terrible blow. He had counted on the money to pay debts of honor which he owes to his father for his education. He calls them debts of honor; they are debts of honor in the ordinary sense of the word. Therefore, it seems to me a terrible thing that that—here he paused and did not go on. He saw there were tears in the eyes of the girl to whom he was talking.
"It is brutal," he said, "to tell you all this. You are not to blame for it, and neither is your father, although I spoke to him in a heated manner yesterday."
"When did you say the option expires?"
"At twelve o'clock to-morrow."
"How much money is required to buy the mine?"
"Twenty thousand pounds."
"Can money be sent to Canada by cable?"
"Yes, I think so."
"Aren't you quite sure?"
"No, I am not. It can be sent by telegraph in this country and in America."
"How long will it take you to find out?"
"Only a few moments."
"Very well; where is Mr. Kenyon now?"
"Kenyon is in Ottawa. I had a cablegram from him yesterday."
"Then will you write a cablegram that can be sent away at once asking him to wait at the telegraph office until he gets a further message from you?"
"Yes, I can do that; but what good will it do?"
"Never mind what good it will do, perhaps it will do no good. I am going to try to make it of some good. Meanwhile, remember, if I succeed, John Kenyon must never know the particulars of this transaction."
"He never will; if you say so."
"I say so. Now it is six hours earlier here than it is in Canada, is it not?"
"About that length of time, I think."
"Very well, lose no time in getting the cable message sent to him, and tell him to answer, so that we shall be sure he is at the other end of the wire. Then find out about the cabling of the money. I shall be back here, I think, about the same time you are."
[TO BE CONTINUED.]

CHURCHES OF GRANADA.

At Once Magnificent and Beggarly, Solemn and Gay.
It was in its churches that I thought Granada at once most magnificent and beggarly, most solemn and gay. I know nothing in France or Italy to compare with the effect of the cathedral when the sun-steeped streets were left, the leather curtain was lifted, and we were suddenly in darkness as of night, a great altar looming dimly in far shadows, vague, motionless figures prostrate before it. Their silent fervor in the strange, scented dusk gave a clue to the ecstasy of a Theresa, of an Ignatius. But it was well to turn back quickly into matter-of-fact daylight. To linger was to be reminded that my tery had its price, solemnity its tawdriness. In cathedral and capilla real, if we ventured to look at the royal tombs, at the grille—which even in Spain is without equal—at the retablos with their wealth of ornament, one sacristan after another kept close to our heels, impudently expectant.
If in unknown little church our eyes grew accustomed to darkness it was that they might be offended with Virgins gleaming in silks and jewels, with Christs clothed in petticoats. And if we did once visit the Cartuja, it satisfied our curiosity where other show churches were concerned. The word Cartuja hung upon the lips of every visitor at the Hotel Roma. Foreigners wrestled hopelessly with it. Spaniards repeated it tenderly, as if in love with its gasping gutturals. We never said down to a meal that some one did not urge us to the enjoyment of its wonders. At last, in self-defense, we went. The Cartuja's architecture struck us as elaborate, its decorations as abandoned as the gush that had sent us to it. It had not even the amusing gaiety of Bohemian's rocco, but was pretentious and florid in a dull, vulgar way, more in keeping with gilded cafe or popular restaurant. But to this visit my record owes a place, since it was our one concession to the guide-book's commands. It pleased us better to forget the exaggerated, tortured flamboyance in the kindly twilight of churches the names of which we never troubled to ask.—Elizabeth R. Pennell, in Century.

Amazing, Indeed.

"No," said the private secretary, "there is no news from Washington."
"What?" said King Menelek. "You amaze me! No United States senator has introduced a resolution of sympathy with the Abyssinians? First thing we know we'll hear that they are minding their business."—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Housekeeping Notes.

Banana croquettes make a delicious luncheon dish.
Lemonade spoons are the latest form of small silver.
A set of dollies and carving cloth embroidered in clover blossoms is the latest dainty addition made to her linen store by a young housekeeper.—Chicago Record.

The Alternative.

Pater—Yes, it's hard to make both ends meet with my family of six grown girls.
Sympathetic Friend—I suppose you have to husband your time?
Pater—Yes, until I husband some of my daughters.—Washington Times.

NO WONDER PEOPLE STARED.

She Had Used a Pair of Her Husband's Trousers as a Shawl.
She is a noted housekeeper, and it is her proud boast that she can always find any article in her house without a light, be the night ever so dark, and that in case of her sudden demise no one need blush for the condition of any cupboard in her dwelling.
The other evening she was going out with her husband, but it seemed rather hard for them to get started. Once she returned to turn back the rug before the parlor fire, and once to give the cook an order. The husband heaved a sigh of relief as they finally reached the pavement, but it was cut short by his wife's exclamation: "There, it is really cold, and I have on this thin little jacket. I must go back and get my old brown shawl!"
"Look here, how many times are you going back, anyhow?" demanded her husband. "You will be all tired out before we start."
"Well, John, dear, if you insist upon it, you may get it for me. You need not make a light to find it. It is hanging on the third peg on the right hand side of the cupboard in the back room upstairs."
"But that is where my things are kept."
"I know, dear, but since I have given away all your old things to the nice, polite tramp there is plenty of room. I keep just a few things there because they are old and smell so strong of moth balls; I knew you wouldn't mind. But do go at once; you are making us so late! Don't light the gas—oh, he's gone. How impatient men are."
Five minutes later he came back with a jammed thumb and no shawl.
"Just like a man," she said, and went up to fetch it herself, returning almost instantly with a nicely folded garment hanging over her arm. "I shan't need it going, after all," she said; "but I may come back. I found it just where I told you it was, dear."
After spending a pleasant hour or two upon the friends upon whom they had called they started to walk home, and after they had gone a block or two she threw her shawl carelessly about her shoulders, not without a remark as to the neatness of her cupboards and her ability to find things in the dark.
As they slowly strolled toward home several people turned to look after them, with almost audible smiles, causing her to say, complacently:
"I do believe that people take us for a pair of lovers, John."
To which John, mankind, replied: "Blamed idiots!"
People certainly did behave oddly, and a couple of small boys even followed them home with mischievous shouts.
"What can be the matter?" she said.
"To be sure, my shawl is old-fashioned, but it can hardly be that."
The husband's key was in the lock by this time, and, as she followed him into the parlor, she caught a glimpse of herself in a mirror. Instead of a shawl she had a pair of her husband's trousers gracefully draped about her shoulders!—Chicago Times-Herald.

TRIMMINGS FOR SKIRTS.

How They May Be Used to Advantage in Remodeling.
In making over an old gown the present fashion of trimming skirts will be found most useful. A skirt almost invariably shrinks from a season's wear and after it is taken apart and sponged it is sure to measure too short by several inches.
In remaking a skirt never lengthen at the waist. Such a proceeding will spoil the hang of it quicker than anything else.
When plain skirts were worn it was impossible to lengthen a skirt without unsightly piecing. Now, however, the bottom of the skirt may be pieced and then trimmed to conceal the piecing.
For a street gown braid is the best trimming. Hercules or soutache braid is favored and should be put on in two or four row clusters. If the wearer is short, two rows as near the foot as possible is best. A young girl may have the braid sewed in a Grecian border around her skirt if her gown ends at the ankle.
Skirts intended for indoor wear are prettily trimmed with ruches, with may be of silk or of dress material. If of silk, frayed edges save time and give an additional touch of beauty. The ruches may be put on close around the foot or ten inches up. A band of fur sometimes replaces the ruche. It should, however, be of good quality to wear well and is, therefore, way above the heads of ordinary mortals.—Chicago News.

Articles of Lingerie.

There is something very attractive about dainty underwear, and many articles of the kind are suitable for gifts, that should be tied up in dainty packages with the narrow satin baby-ribbon, ten yards of which usually cost 18 cents. To a servant two neat muslin nightgowns at a dollar will save her this outlay and probably fill a decided want. The young girl going on a visit will appreciate a couple of batiste or cambric nightgowns trimmed in lace or embroidery and costing from two to five dollars each. Another present is a set of nightgown, chemise and drawers folded neatly in a box for seven dollars; or an umbrella skirt, a lawn skirt having a full ruffle, put on with a heading or beading and edged with insertion for about two dollars. A couple of pretty corset-covers at a dollar, a lace-trimmed lawn dressing-sack at three dollars, or enough pink or blue snash silk for a similar sack, with ribbons and lace for trimming, will delight any girl loving nice lingerie.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Rock Cakes.

One pound of flour, half a pound of butter, half a pound of sugar, and a few currants. Mix these ingredients with three well beaten eggs, and make into small cakes, which should be dropped with roughened tops in the cake tin for baking.—Boston Herald.

SCHOOL AND CHURCH.

—Of 2,370 law students at the University of Paris 283 are foreigners, while of the 5,175 medical students the foreigners are 964, with 154 women.
—A protest against the degradation of the Scottish language by the Kail-yard school of literature was made by the presiding officer at the recent meeting of the Scottish Text society.
—At a recent meeting of the vestry of St. George's Southwark, London, Miss A. Elliot, of Lancashire, was appointed sanitary inspector to the vestry by 22 votes to 16. There were 22 candidates, and she the only woman.
—The death has occurred at St. Kitts, W. I., of Rt. Rev. Charles James Branch, D. D., bishop of Antigua. Dr. Branch had devoted the whole of his ministerial life to work in the West Indies, and he was respected by all classes.
—The statistician of the United States estimates that the school population of this country—that is, the number of persons between the ages of five and eighteen years—is 20,099,383. Of this number there were enrolled in 1894 13,960,288 pupils in the district or public schools, under the instruction of 388,531 teachers. The average daily attendance of the pupils in these schools is 9,208,896.
—Dr. Mair, who has been nominated moderator of the Established church of Scotland, and Prof. Davidson, who has been made moderator of the Free Kirk, were both born in the same year at Buchan, in Aberdeenshire; went to the same school, graduated in the same class at the University of Aberdeen, and will be put at the head of the two great divisions of Scottish Presbyterians on the same day.
—Sinté Barbe, one of the most famous high schools of Paris, founded in 1460 and the alma mater of Calvin and of Loyola, has been bought by the government for 2,000,000 francs. It is becoming constantly more difficult for private institutions to compete with the state establishments. Last year the Ecole Monge, from which religious instruction was excluded, was turned over to the city of Paris and was rechristened Lycee Carnot. This year it is the turn of the Catholic college of Sainte Barbe.
SHIPPING ELEPHANTS BY RAIL.
Why the Cars That Transport Pachyderms Are Made Secure.
"Do you know," said the retired elephant trainer, "why the big cars that transport elephants are made so secure and close?"
The reporter did not know.
"Well, I will tell you. I suppose you have observed that the cars have not a single opening except the strongly barred little windows at each end, which serve to admit the air? The cars are inspected regularly and if an opening large enough to admit an elephant's trunk is found the aperture is strongly boarded up. The elephant is the most inquisitive animal in existence. He will poke his nose in everything within reach. If he finds an opening in a car, out goes his trunk like a shot. He will sway it back and forth, apparently expecting the regular quota of peanuts that makes his life happy when on exhibition. An incident I recollect clearly, and which has resulted disastrously to Barnum & Bailey's big elephant Emperor, happened three years ago, when I was in the employ of the circus.
"Section No. 3 of the circus-train of five cars was running from Cleveland to Youngstown, O. We were within twenty miles of our destination. Every man on board the train was asleep except the regular employees of the railway company. I was suddenly awakened by a slight jar of the train, which was immediately followed by a succession of thumps, bumps, and jars. I heard the engineer give the signal to down breaks and judged one of the cars had jumped the track and was running over the ties. When I got off the train the trainmen, with torches, were already down on their hands and knees trying to locate the cause of the peculiar noises.
"My attention was suddenly drawn to the car in which the big elephant Emperor was housed. I could faintly see a big snakelike body swaying back and forth under the car, and I grasped the situation at a glance. I called to the trainmen, telling them that I had located the cause of the sounds. I told the conductor to have the train run slowly and keep his eyes fixed under the car. When the train moved off the trunk of the big elephant fastened itself to a tie so firmly that the car almost left the track. The train was run about fifty yards and the mighty trunk of old Emperor caught every tie that he could conveniently hold on to. He was unanning enough, however, to let go like lightning when the train grew so great that it threatened to pull his trunk out by the roots. So cleverly did he avoid being injured that when I examined him afterward there was not the vestige of a scar on his hide.
"I was on a circus train once when an elephant dislodged a telegraph pole, which completely put the entire telegraph system out of order."—New York Mail and Express.

Foiled Again.

"Ah," said Mr. Knight Starr, the emotional tragedian, as he came in sight of a farmhouse, "mayhap this worthy peasant will give some refreshment for the inner man. What, ho, there!"
The worthy peasant gazed at the tragedian for a moment, and answered: "Yew durned fool, don't yew know a pitefork from a hoc?"
And having thus spake, he disappeared within his abode.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

More Room.

Young Mrs. Fitts—The Trolleybys have such a jewel of a hired girl. Their floor is actually clean enough to eat off.
Young Mr. Fitts—By George, that ought to be right handy when he has to carry a duck.—Indianapolis Journal.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

(Seventeenth Year—Established 1881.)

Published every Tuesday and Friday by
WALTER CHAMP, } Editors and Owners.
BRUCE MILLER, }

Make all Checks, Money Orders, etc.,
payable to the order of CHAMP & MILLER.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce WM. M. PURNELL as a candidate for Judge of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR CIRCUIT CLERK.

We are authorized to announce CHAS. E. BUTLER as a candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce T. HART TALBOT as a candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE T. MCCARNEY as a candidate for Circuit Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR SHERIFF.

We are authorized to announce GEORGE W. BOWEN as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party. [If elected Mr. Bowen's deputies will be W. W. Mitchell and James Burke.]

We are authorized to announce BRUTUS J. CLAY, JR., (with G. W. Judy as deputy), as a candidate for Sheriff, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY CLERK.

We are authorized to announce ED. D. PATON as a candidate for re-election as Clerk of the Bourbon County Court, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR JAILER.

We are authorized to announce SAMUEL T. JAMES as a candidate for Jailer, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. C. JONES as a candidate for re-election as Jailer, subject to the action of the Democratic party. [Mr. Jones' candidacy is in the interest of Mrs. Landon Ashbrook.]

We are authorized to announce W. H. BOONE as a candidate for Jailer, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce WM. L. COLLINS as a candidate for Jailer of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Republican party.

We are authorized to announce JOHN H. STEWART as a candidate for Jailer, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR COUNTY ATTORNEY.

We are authorized to announce CLIFTON ARNSPARGER as a candidate for re-election as County Attorney, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce J. U. BOARDMAN as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce S. D. CLAY as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce GARRETT D. KENNEY as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce WM. H. WHALEY as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce WILL G. MCCLINTOCK as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce ARCHIE W. BEDFORD as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce C. L. HOUGH as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Republican party.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

We are authorized to announce MISS KATE EDGAR as a candidate for re-election as Superintendent of Public Schools for Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce WM. E. WILLIAMS as a candidate for Superintendent of Public Schools for Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR POLICE JUDGE.

We are authorized to announce WM. REMINGTON as a candidate for Police Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce JOHN R. ADAIR as a candidate for Police Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce NEWT. CLARK as a candidate for Police Judge, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

The Populists of Daviess County will fuse with Democrats on all county offices.

There are vagrant rumors that Spain is tired of this monotonous job of defeating the Cubans so many times.

HON. JOHN W. YERKES will be a member of the reception committee, of which Gen. Nelson A. Miles is chairman, during the inauguration of Mr. McKinley. He has been notified of his appointment.

SCINTILLATIONS.

An Interesting Jumble Of News And Comment.

Burglars entered the residence of Mr. John W. Richardson, in Lexington, in broad day light Saturday and stole \$18 in gold.

Mormon missionaries, who are making a systematic canvass of Central Kentucky, are now working in Boyle county.

See second page for Honolulu special relating to the closing incidents in the life of Minister A. S. Willis, who died Jan. 6th.

Alex Abbott, charged with murdering his young wife in Rowan county, and eloping with her little sister, was arrested in Mt. Sterling.

It is rumored at Lexington that Desha Breckinridge, son of Col. W. C. P. Breckinridge, will soon assume control of the Daily Morning Herald.

Jennie Browning jumped into the river near Montgomery with her child, which was born out of wedlock, and both were drowned.

Lewis county thieves have nerve. Robbers took three hogs from a farmer's pen in that county, killed them on the premises and carried away the dressed meat.

Chas. Taylor, the negro who ravished and murdered Nellie Stepp, was indicted Friday at Frankfort, and will be tried Thursday. He is almost certain to receive a death sentence.

A bill has been introduced in the North Dakota Legislature that will interfere with the divorce industry in that State if passed. It will make one year the residence required before maintaining an action for divorce.

Thos. C. Mann, of Nelson county, has recently recovered a set of false teeth which he lost thirty-four years ago at the battle of Stone River, Tennessee! Col. Craddock may yet recover his watch which he lost thirty years ago.

The German National Bank, at Louisville, the First National, at Newport, and the Minneapolis Savings Banks failed to open their doors yesterday. Both Kentucky banks will pay dollar for dollar. Bad management caused the breaks.

Secretary Carlisle has informed the Postmaster General of the probable time of completion of a number of public buildings now under construction. Among these is the building at Richmond, Ky., which, it is believed, will be completed by June 30.

At Louisville Saturday J. A. R. Elliott, of Kansas City, defeated J. D. Gray, of Pine Grove, Ky., one of the best wing shots in the South, in a match for \$100 a side at the Kentucky Gun Club's grounds. Elliott killed 98 out of 100 live birds, while Gray killed 96. Gray really killed 99 out of 100, but three birds fell outside of bounds. Elliott has defeated Dr. Carver, the famous marksman.

Ramon's Liver Pill removes the bile. The Tonic Pellet tones up the system. Combined form a Perfect Treatment. 25c.

COL. SAM ROBERTS, of Lexington, has gone to Canton to make a social call on President-elect McKinley.

THE Spanish troops in Cuba seem to be chiefly occupied in wrestling telegraphic victories from powder-and-shot defeats.

THE battle ship Texa is to be sent to Galveston harbor on February 16, to receive the \$50,000 silver service to be presented by the people of Texas.

REPRESENTATIVE SPENCER, of Mississippi, introduced a resolution Friday to authorize the Secretary of State to buy Cuba, but not to pay more than \$200,000,000 for the Pearl.

ALMOST a year has passed since the public was startled by the horrible murder of poor Pearl Bryan, and Scott Jackson and Alonzo Walling have not yet paid the death penalty for their heinous crime—owing to the law's delays. When the law apparently extends clemency to such fiends as these it is any wonder that mob law flourishes?

THE Russian Government is making a determined fight against the spread of Tolstoism. The houses of suspects are being searched, Tolstoi's works are confiscated, and the owners are entered in the police black book. Only the fear of rallying new forces to his side is said to deter the Council of State from expelling Tolstoi.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Scott's Emulsion

is made up of the most essential elements that go to nourish the body. Where the appetite is varying or lacking, it increases it, and where digestion is weak, it aids it to perform its function in a more vigorous way. It enriches the blood, makes healthy flesh and cures chronic coughs and colds by making it possible for the body to resist.

Go to your doctor for Scott's Emulsion. Two sizes, 50 cts. and \$1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

Piles! Piles! Piles!
Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, relieves the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and Itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail for 50c. and \$1 per box. WILLIAMS' PILE OINTMENT, Proprietors, Cleveland, O. For sale by W. T. Brooks, druggist. (245-26-17)

Wright's Celery Tea regulates the liver and kidneys, cures constipation and sick headache. 25c at all druggists.

Not Well? Well Get Well!

THE results attained right here at home have been marvelous. Hundreds of your neighbors who have used Wright's Celery Capsules are now well. They cure Kidney, Liver and Stomach trouble, Rheumatism, Constipation and Sick Headaches. Why pay \$1.00 every two weeks for a bottle of medicine when you can get treatment at 1 cent a day. Wright's Celery Capsules give 100 days' treatment for \$1.00. Easy to take, no bad taste, do not gripe, backed by a bank, to cure you, or refund your money. Sold by W. T. Brooks, druggist.

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headaches. 25c at druggists.

Ministers Should Use Dr. Miles' Heart Cure.



THERE IS NO PROFESSION, whose labors so severely tax the nervous system, as that of the ministry. The derangement of the nerve centers of the brain by overwork, frequently brings on attacks of heart trouble, and nervous prostration. Rev. J. P. Kester, M. D., Pastor U. B. church, London Mills, Ill., himself a physician, writes Feb. 26, 1895: "Heart affection and nervous prostration had become so serious last fall that a little overwork in the pulpit would so completely prostrate me that it seemed certain I must relinquish the work of the ministry entirely. Heart palpitation became so bad that my auditors would ask me if I did not have heart disease. Last November I commenced taking Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure alternately with Dr. Miles' Nerve and derived the greatest possible benefit. I have just closed revival work of 10 weeks, preaching nearly every night and twice on the Sabbath. I can speak for hours without suffering as I formerly did. Hard working ministers should keep Dr. Miles' grand remedies on hand." Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on guarantee, first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

Constipation & Biliousness

Cause
Sick-headache,
Pains in the back,
Sallow complexion,
Loss of appetite and
Exhaustion.

There is only one cure, which is

RAMON'S LIVER PILLS
—AND—
Tonic Pellets

One Pink Pill touches the liver and removes the bile.

One Tonic Pellet nightly, acts as a gentle laxative in keeping the bowels open, restores the digestive organs, tones up the nervous system and makes new rich blood. Complete treatment, two medicines, one price, 25c.

Treatise and sample free at any store
BROWN MFG. CO., New York.
For sale by SMITH BROS., druggists,
Millersburg, Ky.

Resolutions Of Respect.

The following resolutions were adopted by the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church, Paris, Ky., on the death of Mrs. Mary E. Bashford:

WHEREAS, It has pleased our Heavenly Father to remove from our midst our beloved President and co-worker, Mrs. Mary E. Bashford, and while we bow in submission to His will, knowing that He doeth all things well; therefore, be it

Resolved, First, That we, as a Society, deeply mourn the loss of one whose character combined the qualities of sweetness and strength, and whose labors for the Lord were signalized by wisdom and graciousness. Her purity of life has been unsurpassed. She was an example of patience during her long and painful illness, which ended in her removal to the home where sickness is no more.

Second, That while we feel that her death is an irreparable loss to all with whom she came in contact, in whatever relation of life, her faithfulness has shown forth as a beautiful light, and while placing the crown of flowers on her casket, we know it is typical of the crown that is hers throughout eternity. Third, That we extend to the bereaved family our sincere sympathy, in this dark hour of their affliction, praying that He may be a father indeed and sustain them with His love.

Fourth, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family, also for publication in the Paris papers.
Mrs. A. J. WOODWARD,
Mrs. A. T. F. BRYAN,
Miss LILLIE JAYNE,
Committee.

PARIS, KY., Jan. 18, 1897.

Free Pikes Wanted In Harrison.

THE Cynthiana Democrat says: "Cynthiana is already feeling the effects of free turnpikes in Bourbon county. Great numbers of farmers close to the Bourbon line have learned to trade at Paris and it is a matter of only a short time until the force will be greatly augmented. But Harrison can do nothing now. The county is already taxed to the constitutional limit, a result of liberal contributions to turnpikes now in existence and upon which the people must pay toll. The Magistrates, to secure free pikes, would have to submit a bond proposition to the people and it would require a two-thirds majority of the votes of the county to become effective. There is no question but that the people want the pikes made free, but it will be a long time before they get them."

GOSSIPY PARAGRAPHS.

Theatrical And Otherwise—Remarks In The Forum.

SOUSA'S BAND.
The artistic balance of Sousa's Band is admirably maintained by Mr. Sousa's soloists. They have always done him credit, and the promise of their appearance at the Grand in a matinee concert next Monday afternoon, brought with the assurance of satisfaction. In his soprano, Elizabeth Northrop, Sousa has a voice and personality that command success. She sings with a beautifully finished style, and her voice is simply refreshing. Martina Johnstone, the violinist, is one of the gentler sex who has distinguished the violin by her playing of that great solo instrument. Arthur Pryor, trombone, the announcement of whose name is sufficient, and Frantz Hell, flugel-horn soloist, complete the admirable quartet of Sousa's virtuosi.

Hoyt's newest play is called "A Stranger In New York."

Chas. Gardner has been booked to appear in this city on Feb. 13th.

Katherine Clemmons, the actress, is soon to marry Howard Gould, according to an interview with the former's mother.

A Philadelphia woman is trying to get a divorce because her husband refuses to let her make pie. The case should be dismissed, with costs on the plaintiff.

The famous—or rather infamous—Seelye dinner in New York is being barbequed at the Olympia, under the title of "The Silly Dinner." The sketch has been aptly described as a "take-off."

The noted Seelye dinner at Sherry's in New York was a very costly affair. The dinner only cost Seelye \$1,000, but Sherry says he will lose \$500,000 by it. One of the guests will lose a wife and her \$750,000; because his fiancée has broken her engagement on account of the scandalous affair. The police investigation will cost \$4,000.

Sol Smith Russell, everybody's favorite comedian, will appear Thursday night at the Lexington opera house in "A Bachelor's Romance," a splendid play, by Martha Morton, and will be given a hearty welcome. "The Lady Slavey," one of the biggest musical productions of the season, will be the matinee attraction Saturday at Lexington.

Any young man who wishes to become a Duke should answer this advertisement in the London Morning Post of December 10: "An opportunity occurs by which a gentleman, under thirty, of good education and means, may be adopted by a childless Duke, the title descending by letters patent to the adopted son."

SITUATION WANTED.—Housework, in a private family, by an experienced girl. Call at 339 High street, Paris, Ky. (12Jan-4t)

Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation, sick headaches. 25c at druggists.

NEWTON MITCHELL, THE PEOPLE'S GROCER.

Buyers of Groceries are not forced to go to cut-rate stores for low prices, because

I Will Meet Any Prices
offered by them on same class of goods. I have an excellent and complete line of

FANCY & STANDARD GOODS:

APPLES,	ALMONDS,
BANANNAS,	BRAZIL PECANS,
ORANGES,	FILBERTS,
MALAGA GRAPES.	ENGLISH WALNUTS,

FINEST CHOCOLATE CANDIES
STICK AND MIXED CANDIES
CANDIED CHERRIES,
CANDIED APRICOTS,
CANDIED PINE APPLES.

New York Cream, Edam and Pine Apple Cheese; Fancy Evaporated Peaches, Apricots, Apples, Prunes; All kinds of Canned Fruits Sardines, Champaign French Peas; Bottled Pickle, Catsup, Etc.

BALTIMORE CAN AND BULK OYSTERS.
ISGRIG TURKEYS.

NEWTON MITCHELL,
THE GROCER,
Main St., Opp. Court-House, - - - - - Paris, Ky.

MARGOLEN'S CARPET SALE

Now is the time to buy Carpets, Rugs and Matting, as I have a good lot to select from, and my prices defy competition. I have a fine assortment of these goods, and if you will come in and look at them, I am sure I can please you, and it is no trouble for me to show them to you. Consider the prices which I quote below:

Brussels, from 40 cts., up.
Ingrains, from 18 cts., up.
Matting, from 9 cts., up.
Rugs, from 50 cts., up.

Remember, the place, and call early.

H. MARGOLEN,
Opp. Court-House, - - - - - PARIS, KY.

All We Want

Is an opportunity to convince you that our work can not be excelled.

We Are Working For A Reputation

And can not afford to turn out inferior work. Give us a trial, and if good work can gain your patronage, yours is insured. Quick work and satisfaction guaranteed.

BOURBON STEAM LAUNDRY,

W. M. HINTON, JR., & BRO., Props.
OFFICE AND WORKS, 127-129 SEVENTH ST., PARIS, KY.
'Phone 4.
BRANCH OFFICE:
W. M. Hinton's Jewelry Store.

The Flexible Flyer, Self-Steering SLED.

Steers like a bicycle.
Coasts like one.

The Boy's Favorite for
A Christmas Present.

For Sale By
DAUGHERTY BROS.,
434 Main St., Paris, Ky.

FOR RENT.
TWO-STORY brick house, on Upper Pleasant street, adjoining the residence of S. S. Clay. Apply to A. C. ADAIR. (29Sep-1f)

ADVERTISING RATES.
Displays, one dollar per inch for first insertion; half rates each insertion thereafter. Locals, or reading notices, ten cents per line each insertion. Locals in black type, twenty cents per line each insertion. Fractions of lines count as full lines when running at line-rates. Obituaries, cards of thanks, calls on candidates, resolutions of respect and matter of a like nature, ten cents per line. Special rates given for large advertisements and yearly cards.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

(Seventeenth Year—Established 1881.)

[Entered at the Post-office at Paris, Ky., as second class mail matter.]

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.

[Payable in Advance.]
 One year.....\$2.00 | Six months.....\$1.00
 NEWS COSTS: YOU CAN'T EVEN GET A REPORT FROM A GUN FREE OF CHARGE.

Make all Checks, Money Orders, Etc., payable to the order of CHAMP & MILLER.

SEE ad. on fourth page of Margolen's carpet sale.

PASSENGER traffic on the railroads has been very light for the past week.

J. W. DEBOLD, the grocer, will move to Maysville, Thursday, to go into business.

MR. V. K. SHIPP has recovered from his recent illness and is now able to be at his place of business.

LOST.—A silver owl breast pin (small) with ruby eyes. Finder will please return to THE NEWS office and get reward. (4t)

MR. W. M. GOODLOE and Mr. George W. Stuart, both of this city, are candidates for the Republican nomination for County Clerk.

MISS HARRIETT GLASCOCK has organized the Wellington Concert Company. The company appeared in Covington last week.

FOR SALE.—Sixteen toll-houses and lots will be sold by the County, at the court-house door, at eleven o'clock a. m., on February 1st.

READ the public sale advertisement of S. D. Clay's land, mules, farm implements, etc., elsewhere in this issue. Sale will take place February 9th, at ten a. m.

THOS. FISHER, special commissioner, advertises for sale in another column 110 acres of land, to be sold publicly Jan. 27, at the Court-house door. Read the ad.

TWO negro members of the Salvation Army, who have been evangelizing in wicked Claysville, held religious services on the court house square Saturday afternoon.

NO MORE long time. We are selling cash down, and lead in low prices. You are invited to see the freshest and cleanest stock in Paris.

VICTOR K. SHIPP.

THE Christian Endeavor Society of the Christian Church will give a social at the Odd Fellows' Hall, Friday night, Jan. 22, from 7 till 10. Lunch will be served. Admission, ten cents. Everybody invited.

THE NEWS is requested to announce that the Sunbeam Missionary Society of the Baptist Church, will give a candy pulling in the basement of the church, from 6 to 11 o'clock, Friday night. All are invited. Admission, ten cents.

ALL of the notes and accounts due Current & Clarke have been placed in my hands for immediate collection. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm will save costs by prompt payment. HARMON STITT, (SJan-4t) Attorney.

REV. F. W. EBERHARDT, pastor of the Baptist Church, left yesterday for Louisville to conduct a protracted meeting at Rev. Ewing's church on Logan street. The meeting began last night and will continue two weeks. Rev. Eberhardt's pulpit will be filled regularly during his absence. The announcements will be made later.

THE Maysville Ledger says: "Ed. Shinnors, who managed the Paris Baseball Team last year, will be Portsmouth's manager the coming season. Behind him will be a stock company of Portsmouth business men with a capital of \$2,000. Some of last year's Maysville team have signed—Portsmouth getting Punch Kellner, Shepherd and Sam Lever."

Masonic Notice Of Funeral.

THE lodge will meet promptly at seven o'clock, sharp, this evening, to make arrangements for the funeral of Brother O. H. Buck.

C. E. NIPPERT, Master.

Bourbon Land Sold.

SATURDAY auctioneer A. T. Forsyth sold for Harmon Stitt, assignee of Dr. I. R. Best, eighty acres of land to E. P. Gamble, of Millersburg precinct, for \$58.40 per acre. The land lies one mile from Millersburg. This is the best sale reported this season.

Prices At Victor K. Shipp's.

6 packs coffee, 95 cents.
 20-lbs. granulated sugar, \$1.00.
 12-lbs. fine mince meat, \$1.00.
 17-lbs. bacon, \$1.00.
 17-lbs. leaf lard, \$1.00.
 50-lbs. good flour, \$1.40.
 1 doz. cans apples, 60 cents.

For money only.

VICTOR K. SHIPP.

We are giving the people the kind of shoes they want at the prices they want to pay. Our cash system does this.

RION & CLAY.

Free Turnpike Talk.

NEGOTIATIONS are pending between the County and stockholders of the Hume & Bedford pike, and it is probable that the County will secure a deed by purchase some time this week.

In the special session of Judge Cantrell's court, at Frankfort, Thursday night—in the case in which the anti-free turnpikers contest the county's legal right to issue bonds to maintain and purchase pikes—a demurrer was filed to the petition and likewise an answer by the Fiscal Court, and upon a hearing of the demurrer it was conceded by the attorneys for the plaintiffs that the allegations of the petition insofar as it attempted to question the validity of the election held in November, 1895, for the purpose of taking the sense of the voters upon the question of free turnpikes was insufficient, and the plaintiffs offered an amendment, which was objected to by the defendants on the ground that no amendment to the petition is authorized, after answer has been filed, except in open Court. The argument will likely be concluded by briefs by Judge Ward and Judge Holt for the plaintiffs and defendants respectively.

The James O. Gray Horse Sale.

ABOUT sixty trotting bred horses, the property of James O. Gray, were sold at Sheriff's sale Saturday on the square by auctioneer A. T. Forsyth, for an aggregate of \$345. Warren Bacon paid the highest price of the sale, giving \$160 for the 11-year-old stallion Scarlet Wilkes, 2:22½, by Red Wilkes. Glenwood, 2:32, 11-years-old, by Nutwood, sold to John Redmon, of Clintonville, for \$100. The other horses brought from \$3 to \$39. Among the other sales are noted: Mare by William L., to Matt Turney, \$21; colt by Scarlet Wilkes, to John Current, \$4; mare by Sidney, to J. H. Smith, \$39; mare by Robt. McGregor, to C. Alexander, Jr., \$19; thoroughbred colt by King Ban, to C. M. Forsyth, \$10; mare by Red Wilkes, to J. E. Kern, \$26; mare by Aberdeen, to T. L. Cunningham, \$17; mare by Red Wilkes, to Henry Lilliston, \$8; colt by Electioneer Wilkes, to C. Arnsperger, \$10; colt by Glenwood, to Alex Rice, \$3; pony, to Harvey Hibler, \$18.

FRESH vegetables and fish.

VICTOR K. SHIPP.

Grocery Business For Sale.

HAVING decided to quit the grocery business, I will offer for sale my grocery on Eighth street, including a nice, clean stock, fixtures, wagon, harness, etc., and lease on the store.

This stand has a good, established cash trade, and can be bought worth the money. Apply to me at the store. (2t) PAUL E. SHIPP.

OBITUARY.

Respectfully Dedicated To The Memory Of The Dead.

Mrs. A. E. Saxton, mother of Henry Saxton, the musician, and several gifted daughters, died Sunday in Lexington, of pneumonia, at the advanced age of seventy-two years.

Capt. Phil Kidd, the veteran horse auctioneer, died Friday at Lexington, from neuralgia of the heart. He was forty-eight years old, and was a fearless soldier in John Morgan's command.

Mrs. Sallie Jones, widow of John W. Jones, died at North Middletown, Friday night, and the remains were interred at the North Middletown cemetery, Sunday. The deceased leaves one child—Mrs. J. Will Young. Mrs. Jones was a sister of Washington Redmon, of near this city.

Mrs. John W. Throckmorton, wife of Conductor Throckmorton, of the L. & N., died at her home in Lexington, Sunday night, after a long and very painful illness. She is survived by her husband and two children—a son aged ten, and a daughter, aged twelve years. The bereaved family will receive the sincerest sympathy of a very wide circle of friends. The funeral will occur tomorrow afternoon at one o'clock at the Central Christian Church. Burial at the Lexington cemetery. The deceased was a most estimable Christian woman, a fond mother and a devoted wife.

It was with universal regret and sincere sorrow that the citizens of Paris learned that Dr. O. H. Buck had died a 10:45 o'clock yesterday morning at his home on Pleasant street, in this city, from la grippe and congestion of the lungs. Dr. Buck had been ill only a few days and was not thought to be in a dangerous condition. The deceased was forty-nine years old and was well liked by those who knew him best. He has been married for fifteen years and leaves a wife, who was Miss Price, of Harrodsburg, and a son, Lucien, aged fourteen, and a daughter, Carroll, aged twelve. Dr. Buck was a native of Winconsin, but had been a resident of this city since 1876—twenty years a practicing physician. The deceased was a drummer boy in the Federal army at the age of fifteen years. He was a graduate of Pulte Medical College in Cincinnati, and was a physician of the homeopathic school. The deceased was a Mason and Knight Templar, and will be buried under the Second Presbyterian Church, to-morrow at eleven o'clock, according to the rites of those orders. The remains will be interred in the Paris cemetery.

PERSONAL MENTION.

COMERS AND GOERS OBSERVED BY THE NEWS MAN.

Notes Hastily Jotted On The Streets, At The Depots, In The Hotel Lobbies And Elsewhere.

—Chas. Sauer is visiting his sister, in Lexington.

—Mrs. Arthur Calvert returned yesterday to Covington.

—Mr. Thos. Henry Clay, Jr., was in Louisville several days last week.

—Mr. John Gnadinger, of Lexington, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

—Mrs. Bailey Berry, of Cynthia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. W. Davis.

—Mr. J. J. Grannon, who was reported convalescent, is again quite ill.

—Mrs. W. V. Parker will entertain the Ladies' Whist Club this afternoon.

—Mr. Clarence Howe, of the Windsor, spent Sunday with relatives in Carlisle.

—Mrs. W. W. Fisher, of North Middletown, is very ill, and is not expected to recover.

—Mrs. Douglas Thomas returned Saturday from a visit to relatives in Covington.

—The young ladies of Stanford are going to give the young men a belated leap year ball.

—Drs. W. M. Miller and C. B. Smith, of Millersburg, were in the city yesterday afternoon.

—Messrs. F. P. Walker and Edw. Tucker were in Georgetown Sunday visiting friends.

—Dr. R. A. Sprake, who has been ill for a fortnight, was able to be out on the street yesterday.

—Mr. Wm. Hunkill returned Saturday from a visit to his daughter, Mrs. M. H. Davis, at Mayslick.

—Mrs. Elisha Miller, who has been visiting relatives in this city, returned Saturday to Atlanta.

—Mr. J. J. Payne left last week for Hot Springs, Ark., to undergo treatment for his failing eyesight.

J. T. Hearn, sixty-two, and Miss Susie A. Faris, eighteen, were married in Lexington, Thursday.

—Mrs. Cynthia Robinson, of Cincinnati, is here to attend the funeral of her nephew, Dr. O. H. Buck.

—Messrs. Sam'l Clay, Will Simms and T. H. Tarr were among the Parisians in Lexington, Saturday.

—Miss Grace Swearingen arrived home yesterday from a delightful visit to Miss Lissie Walker, in Lexington.

—Miss Laura Trundle left Saturday for a visit to relatives in Covington, Ky., DeKalb, Ills., St. Louis and Kansas City.

—Mr. and Mrs. Albert S. Miller and Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Goltra, of Crawfordsville, Ind., will entertain Thursday evening in honor of Miss Kate Jameson, of this city.

—Mrs. Artie Ashbrook and Misses Sallie and Mary Ashbrook, of Cynthia, are guests of Mrs. R. B. Hutchcraft. They will leave to-morrow for San Antonio, Texas, where they will remain until April.

PLEASE call and pay up. We must close our accounts.

VICTOR K. SHIPP.

FOR SALE.—Sixteen toll-houses and lots will be sold by the County, at the court-house door, at eleven o'clock a. m., on February 1st.

Covington Won The Money.

A DISPATCH Friday from Maysville said: "The Aberdeen wharf boat, while being towed up the river by the steamer M. P. Wells, was the scene of another cock fight last night. Paris, Lexington, Maysville, Ripley, Higginsport and Covington were represented. Covington won 11 fights out of twelve and broke the crowd, winning about \$700."

Kentucky Y. M. C. A. Convention.

THE Annual Meeting of the Kentucky Young Men's Christian Association, is to be held at Frankfort, February 18-21. A very attractive program has been arranged. Among the speakers are Rev. Carter Helm Jones, D. D., and Prof. Wm. H. Marquess, D. D., of Louisville; Hon. Richard P. Ernst, of Covington, and others equally well known. The railroads have granted one fare for the round trip. The Frankfort Association expects to entertain 300 delegates. Young men from towns having no Association will be welcomed as honorary delegates if they bring credentials from their pastors. Further particulars, credentials, programs, etc., may be obtained at any Association Secretary in the State, or from Henry E. Rosevear, State Secretary, Fourth and Broadway, Louisville, Ky.

Notice To Prospective School Teachers.

AN examination upon the common school course will be held at the court house, by the Board of Examiners, on Thursday, January 25th, beginning at 8:30 o'clock a. m. All students wishing a certificate will take notice. KATE EGGAR, Superintendent. (2t-T)

You should go see the stylish \$3.00 ladies' shoes that Davis, Thompson & Isgrig are selling this week for \$2.00. (tf)

NUPTIAL KNOTS.

Engagements, Announcements And Solennizations Of The Marriage Vow.

Mr. Dollar was married, to Miss Nickel out in Enid, O. T., the other day. What will the harvest be?

Joe Black, 77, and Mrs. Lilla Stanhope, 69, were married Friday near Middlesboro. They were divorced forty years ago.

The marriage of Judge H. C. Howard and Miss Maggie Clay will occur to-morrow at the home of the latter's father, Mr. S. S. Clay. Only the immediate relatives will be present.

The Courier-Journal yesterday announced the marriage of Miss Ann T. Barbour, a charming young lady who visited Miss Gertrude Hill, last Summer: "Miss Ann Tarlton Barbour and Dr. Ellis Duncan will be married Tuesday, January 26, at 3 o'clock, at the Broadway Methodist church. Miss Barbour is the accomplished daughter of Dr. P. C. F. Barbour, Superintendent of the City Hospital, and is a well-known young woman. Dr. Duncan is a young physician, and was graduated some time ago with high honors from one of the local medical colleges."

FOR SALE.—Sixteen toll-houses and lots will be sold by the County, at the court-house door, at eleven o'clock a. m., on February 1st.

BIRTHS.

The Advent Of Our Future Men And Women.

In this city Saturday to the wife of John Fitzpatrick, a son.

A dispatch yesterday from Paris, France, announces the birth of a son to Count and Countess Castellane. The Countess was Miss Anna Gould, of New York, and married Count Castellane on March 4, 1895.

Our cash system enables us to give you just the kind of shoes you all like—the highest grades at prices to please you.

RION & CLAY.

Miss Ingels' Dates.

MISS MARGARET INGELS, the talented elocutionist, of this city, will give a costume recital next Tuesday night in Millersburg; Wednesday night in Winchester, and Thursday night in Mt. Sterling. Miss Ingels' recitals are thoroughly artistic in every respect and should be largely attended. THE NEWS unhesitatingly recommends her.

Engagements Of Auctioneer A. T. Forsyth.

Jan. 23—E. M. Dickson, M. C.—H. H. Hunt's property in Millersburg.

Jan. 26th—Master Commissioner—Lucy J. Skinner's heirs' 3 farms.

Jan. 28—J. Q. & J. M. Ward assigns J. H. Hawkins—three tracts and.

Feb. 4—L. M. Greene, assignee—J. H. Letton's land.

WANTED.—Capable man to take charge of business. Salary, \$50 per month and percentage. One hundred dollars cash security required, to partially cover stock carried. Address, Manager, 315 Columbia Building, Louisville, Ky. (1t)

PUBLIC SALE

— OF —

168 A. of Bourbon Co. Land

— AND —

37 MULES, FARM IMPLEMENTS, &C.

I will sell at public auction, on the premises, 3½ miles North of Paris, beginning at ten o'clock a. m., on

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1897,

the following land, stock, etc., described below:

A tract of good land, containing 168½ acres, situated on the Maysville & Lexington turnpike, 3½ miles North of Paris between Paris and Millersburg. Said land has every improvement—consisting of an eight-room house, with bath-room (hot and cold water); carriage house; ice-house; smoke-house; two large barns—one for tobacco, other for stock; a fine peach and apple orchard, etc.

Also, at same time and place, I will sell thirty-seven head of mules—all fat and ready to ship—(10 head broke, 21 head three-year-olds in Spring, and 6 yearlings coming two.) Also, one good mare mule weanling; 9 head horse stock; 4 good Jersey milk cows, with young calves.

Spring wagon; 2 break carts; 3 buggies; 1 sleigh; 2 two-horse wagons; 2 breaking plows; 3 new cultivators; Tobacco sticks; And numerous other useful farming implements.

TERMS OF SALE.—I will sell the mules in pairs, on time, with good and approved security. Terms for other property made known on day of sale.

S. D. CLAY.

A. T. FORSYTH, Auctioneer.

For a Winter Shoe.

What is better than a pair of our heavy sole Tan "Willow Calf" shoes? Black Calf, or Enamel, either, if you want them.

RION & CLAY.

Read These Bargain Prices:

Men's finest Patent Leather shoes, \$4.75, worth \$6.00.
 Men's finest Calf shoes, \$4.50, worth \$5.50.
 Men's finest Tan shoes, \$4.50, worth \$5.50.
 [The above are the celebrated Stacy-Adams make.]

Boys' Calf Shoes, \$1.00 to \$2.00, worth \$1.50 to \$2.50.
 Child's fine Kid Spring Heels, size 5 to 7½, 85c, worth \$1.25.
 Child's fine Kid Spring Heels, size 8 to 10½, \$1.00, worth \$1.50.
 Misses fine Kid Spring Heels, size 11 to 2, \$1.25, worth \$1.75.

These are only a few of the many Cash bargains we have to offer. Call early and get choice.

DAVIS, THOMSON & ISGRIG.

WAIT

FOR OUR SPECIAL

Inventory Sale!

(THURSDAY, FRIDAY and SATURDAY,)

Jan. 21st, 22d and 23d, 1897,

G. TUCKER.

529 Main St., Paris, Ky.

CONDON'S.

In order to close out our stock we will sacrifice everything in our store at unheard of prices.

Strictly all-wool Dress Goods, in novelty and plain styles, always 50c, for this sale—at 25c a yard.

Choice of our finest Dress patterns, formerly \$8.00, for this sale at \$4.00.

All our Underwear, Blankets and Comforts will be closed out at 25c on the dollar.

New and full line of Table Linens, Towels and Napkins—marked down 50 per cent. for this sale.

G. D. Corsets—our specialty—50c, 75c and \$1.00—worth double.

Ladies' and Children's full Seamless Hosiery, 10 and 15c—always sold at 25c.

Our Domestics are the very best brands—in Calicoes, Cottons and Sheetings.

Calicoes—3½ and 5c.

Bleached Cotton, good, 5c.

Best Cotton made, 8c.

10-4 Pepperell Sheetting, 18c.

Notions of all kinds, one-half price.

We still enlarge Portraits free of charge.

Wanted-Corn!

I want 1,000 barrels of corn, at market price. Apply to

O. EDWARDS.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A SPLENDID STOCK OF

IMPORTED SUITINGS AND TROUSERINGS

FOR FALL AND WINTER

Our Prices are lower than any house in Central Kentucky, when quality and style are considered. We ask you to give us a call.

F. P. LOWRY & CO.,

FINE MERCHANT TAILORS.

S. E. TIPTON, Cutter.

We are also agents for the celebrated Chas. E. Smith Shirt. Full line of samples.

A DESIRABLE 60-ACRE FARM FOR SALE!

I HAVE a well-situated 60-acre Bourbon County farm which I desire to sell. It is well-improved. For any further particulars, address.

J. E. PLUMMER, MILLERSBURG, KY.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

THE party who borrowed the books of the Paris & Jackstown Turnpike Co. from my office about a year ago, is requested to return the same at once. (1dec-tf) T. H. TARR.

Ramon's Liver Pills & Tonic Pellets are a Perfect Treatment for Constipation and Biliousness. One pill a dose.

M. H. DAILEY, DENTIST.

602 MAIN ST., - - - - - PARIS, KY.

[Over Deposit Bank.]

Office hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 6 p. m.

R. A. SPRAKE, DENTIST.

3 BROADWAY, - - - - - PARIS, KY.

[UP STAIRS.]

Office hours: 8 to 12 a. m.; 1 to 6 p. m.

FOR RENT

BRICK cottage, 5 rooms. \$10 per month. First-class repair. Apply to B. C. INGELS, (1Jan-tf) Or, O. EDWARDS.

THE BOURBON NEWS.

(Seventeenth Year—Established 1881.)

Published Every Tuesday and Friday by
WALTER CHAMP,
BRUCE MILLER, Editors and Owners

BABY BELLE.

If you'll come into our cottage, I will show you some thing rare,
And I doubt if eyes have ever seen a sight more sweet and fair;
For, than all the dainty working hands of man have done or do,
Sure, the Master's work is fairest, as His skill is greatest, too;
And of all the things of beauty which upon the world have smiled,
None can touch the heart so deeply as the beauty of a child.
So we love her! Yes, we love her, more than words can ever tell—
Little winsome, winsome darling! Bright-eyed, blue-eyed Baby Belle!

Seated on the cottage floor, pulling off her tiny shoes,
Little bare foot, white and dimpled—arms and shoulders dimpled, too—
Eyes as blue as summer blossoms, tender skin as pure as pearl,
And the sunlight dropping golden on each shining little curl.
Artist's pencil, e'er so cunning, fairer thing could never trace;
Every feature perfect beauty, every motion perfect grace.
Do you wonder that we love her more than words can ever tell—
Little winsome, winsome darling! Airy, fairy, Baby Belle!

Kings may have their crowns and diamonds and their robes of purple hue,
Have their works of art and beauty—keep their wealth, and welcome, too—
We'll not envy all their splendors while we have this single gem,
Far more precious to our bosoms than their riches are to them.
We've no store of worldly treasure, neither lands nor gold, and yet
We are rich beyond all measure in our priceless household pet,
And we love her—yes, we love her, more than words can ever tell—
Little winsome, winsome darling! Dainty, darling Baby Belle!

It is written of our Saviour, when He lived, and walked on earth,
Mothers brought their treasures to Him for a blessing on their birth;
And when others would have chided: "Go, and let the Master be,"
Gently He rebuked them, saying: "Suffer them to come to me!"
Took the little ones and blessed them, in His arms and on His knees,
Saying: "Who would enter Heaven must become like one of these."
Do you wonder that we love her more than words can ever tell—
Jesus left a blessing for her—winsome, winsome Baby Belle!

—Mattie Dyer Britts, in Golden Days.

JIM WRIGHT'S COURTSHIP

Related by Silas Hawkins, P. M. and Storekeeper.

[COPYRIGHT, 1897.]

I ain't much of a story teller, but I guess I can give you the straight facts about Jim Wright's courtship and marriage as well as anybody. It happened about 20 years ago, and it interested the folks around Barkley's corners so much that for four or five years there wasn't no quilting bee, nor mite society, nor apple cut, nor raisin', nor stump pullin' that somebody didn't tell something new about it, and I guess they're talking about it yet at the tea drinkin's. It was all brought back fresh to my mind one day last week, when I found out my oldest boy, Silas, was kind of shinin' up to Jim's oldest girl, Sarah, named after her mother.

Jim's a pretty prominent citizen now. He's the manager of the Barkley place and a member of the county board of supervisors, and some do say he's got his eye on the legislature for next term. Yes; that's him goin' by now. You see, he's a big, tall feller and looks kind of imposin' like. When he was a youngster he wasn't exactly what you'd call handsome, but he looked as solid as a rock, and his eyes was always wide open, only when he had to face a girl, then he used to weaken. That's what made his courtship and marriage so curious.

A good talker? Well, yes, he is, now. Not very polished, maybe, but he can speak to the pint, and that's more than some of your college educated fellers can do. But he never was much of a speaker till after he got married to Sarah Anderson.

Jim got well acquainted with Sarah when he was nothing but a hired man, workin' on the Barkley place, when old man Thompson was manager. Sarah was workin' there, too, then. She was Mrs. Thompson's hired girl. No; you couldn't call 'em servants, the way you city folks look at it. Sarah's father was old Deacon Anderson, and he stood just as well in the community as old man Thompson did; maybe better, because Deacon Anderson owned his own farm; and Thompson was a kind of a hired man for Barkley. The Barkley place, you know is about 800 acres. It's the biggest farm in this town, and Barkley himself spends most of his time in New York and Boston and Europe, and other far-away places, where folks has more money than brains, and has conclution to drive for 'em and puts on different coats at different times of the day and all that. Sarah Anderson used to eat at the same table with the Thompsons, of course, and so did Jim. Why, if either of them had been asked to eat separate from the family they'd have quit right off and everybody around the corners would have backed 'em up in it, too. Why, the Thompsons would have been run out of the neighborhood if they'd set themselves up to be too good to have Jim Wright and Sarah Anderson set with them when they eat their meals.

Jim Wright's father, you know, was the doctor here for a good many years, and he wanted to send his boy to college, but Jim wouldn't go. He liked workin' with his hands better than studyin' books. He said he could make more money in the long run his way, and when he hired out to old man Thompson he declared that he'd be manager of the big farm some day, and so he is now, as I told you a little while ago.

Maybe I'm getting off the story a little bit, but I just wanted to explain how Jim and Sarah stood in this neighborhood in the old days. Sarah is a fine-lookin' woman even now, and when she was a girl she was about the best-lookin' of the hull lot. No; she wasn't slender and willowy nor anything like that, but she was tall and healthy and red-cheeked and bright-eyed, and she held her head up and looked as though she was glad to be alive all the time. As I said before, Jim was a good talker only when he was lookin' a girl in the face. Then he was about the bashfullest critter you ever seen, and he used to set and say nothing at all, meal times, at old man Thompson's, where his chair stood just across the table from Sarah's. Thompson and his wife, they used to joke Jim a good deal about Sarah and so did the other hired men. No; they didn't all feed at Thompson's table, but they all knew how bashful Jim was. There was a hull lot of 'em and some of 'em was married men and lived in the tenant houses that were scattered over the place, and them that wasn't married—all but Jim—boarded with the tenants. Jim lived with Thompson because he was a kind of a head man. Of course, Jim had to talk with Sarah a good deal, in the natural course of things, for they was together a lot every day, but, so far as anybody knows, he never said any more than he was obliged to. But every day he thought she was a little nicer than he did the day before. I s'pose if I was writin' a novel about it I'd say he was in love with her, and my wife—she was a girl then, and was engaged to marry me—used to tell me that she thought Sarah was in love with Jim. She said no girl would speak so short about a feller as Sarah did about Jim, unless she liked him well enough to marry him. I used to think that was kind of curious, and I think so yet.

Well, Sarah and Jim had been workin' in for old man Thompson about a year before Jim ever said anything particular to her. How he finally come to speak out was about this way:

There was a professor of "vocal music"—a feller that parted his hair in the middle and put beeswax on his mustache—come to the Corners and held singin' school all winter. He got five dollars a night once a week, besides half of what they should take in at the door at a concert at the end of the singin' school. Jim didn't go to singin' school, mostly 'cause he was so bashful. Sarah didn't go neither, for some

reason or other. But the morning before the concert he up and asked Sarah if she'd go to it with him. She told my wife afterward that she was so frustrated she hadn't hardly breath to tell him she would. But she didn't let on to him she was s'prised. She only said: "Why, certainly, Jim," and when candle-light come on they started away from Thompson's house afoot together. It was about a mile from there to the meetin' house where the concert was held, but Jim never said a word all the way down. Sarah tried to talk to him, but it wa'n't no use. When they got to the steps there was quite a lot of the boys standin' outside the meetin' house door and one of them said, out loud, so that Jim heard it:

"Say, boys, here comes Jim Wright and Sarah Anderson!"

Jim flushed all up; then he turned to Sarah and said: "Excuse me a minute;" then he took a quarter out of his pocket and he walked up to Hod Smith and said:

"Here, Hod; you take Miss Anderson into the meetin' house; I've got something else to tend to."

Sarah was so dazed that she said never a word and went into the church with Hod. Then Jim he started to go away, as if he was afraid of his shadow. But he hadn't gone ten steps before he turned round and lambasted that feller till he squealed for mercy. Then Jim he went home and elum up in the haymow and lay there and hated himself all night. How do I know what he done that night? Well, he told Sarah about it a good while afterward, and she told my wife. As for Sarah, well, she was madder than anything, and 'twas about two months before she'd speak to Jim again. No; there didn't any of the boys give Jim any sass about it. They didn't want any lambastin' in their. It was mighty uncomfortable around old man Thompson's for a spell after that. Thompson said he'd have fired Jim for treatin' Sarah that way only Jim was too good a man to let go.

It was along in June some time, just about the beginnin' of hayin', that Jim made his second break for Sarah. He'd got it in his head, from the way she looked at him once in awhile, that she kind of liked him after all. Everybody else knew she did, for once, when somebody made fun of Jim when she was by, for bein' so bashful, she turned round and gave them a piece of her mind that they didn't forget right away, I tell you.

Well, as I said, it was in early hayin' that Jim took courage again. He had got the mornin' chores all tended to

around the barn and had gone to the house with a pail of milk for the Thompsons' own private use, and he met Sarah in the kitchen, starting the breakfast. It was not far from sunrise.

"Sarah," said Jim, "I'm no account, and I know it, but if you'll just drop that breakfast work for about half an hour and get into my buggy"—Jim had just bought a bran-new buggy and had a young horse of his own—"we'll drive down to the elder's and get married and come right back and tell the folks we're man and wife afterward."

If Sarah was s'prised when he asked her to go to the concert, she was a good deal more so this time. She didn't say much, though. She just looked at Jim and she says:

"Are you in earnest, Jim?"

"Of course, I am," said Jim; "but I'm such a coward that if you don't say yes right now I'm afraid I'll never dare ask you again."

"But, Jim," said Sarah, "think of bein' married without a weddin' dress!"

"What do I care about a weddin' dress," says Jim. "Come on, or I'll get scared again."

By this time Jim had got over his bashfulness a little bit and he stood there with a smile on his face that, as Sarah told my wife afterward, made her forget all about the weddin' dress.

"All right, Jim," she says, "hitch up quick!"

It wasn't two minutes before they was a-sittin' together in the buggy and Jim's three-year-old colt was a-stakin' them down to the elder's, double quick time. When they got there they found the elder behind the parsonage in his little garden, a-weedin' his onion bed so's to get up an appetite for breakfast. The elder was as s'prised as Sarah had been.

"Well, yes," he said to Jim, "to be sure. Just let me wash up a little."

"Oh, never mind that," says Jim, "without thinkin' I was talkin' to the preacher. We've got to get back before breakfast. You can marry us right out in the front yard."

So the elder walked out in front of the house and told them to join hands, under the big elm tree that stands by the front door of the parsonage. He stopped just long enough to call his wife and daughter as witnesses. Jim thought that was unnecessary, but the elder insisted upon it. The elder's marriage ceremony took up less than a



"ARE YOU IN EARNEST, JIM?"

minute and Jim told Sarah afterward that he should always feel thankful that it wasn't long drawn out.

"Salute your bride, Jim," said the elder when they were married hard and fast, "and I'll make out a certificate and send it around to your wife after breakfast."

Jim wasn't so bashful then but that he could kiss Sarah right before the minister and his wife and daughter, but he did it in a hurry because the breakfast wasn't got yet at the Thompson house. Then Mr. and Mrs. Wright Grove back, and they've been a happy pair all their lives. It made a new man of Jim to get married, and, as I said a little while ago, he's one of our prominent citizens now, and whether he ever gets to the legislature or not, he could have my vote and the vote of everyone of the neighbors 'round here for anything, no matter how big an office he wanted, or what ticket he run on. Here he is now, comin' back. Let me introduce you to him.

PAUL DANBY.

One on Boston.

She was from Boston and was on her way to the greysers. She had rendered the stage driver thoroughly uncomfortable by throwing great chunks of botanical and geological information at his head and he had about reached the determination to frighten her with stories about highwaymen till she would get inside the coach, when some gnarled and twisted oaks attracted her attention.

"Do you know how old those trees are?" she asked and was preparing to launch a whole row of figures at him when he surprised her by answering, very promptly:

"Yes'm."

"How old are they?"

"Three thousand and six years."

"How did you arrive at such accurate results?"

"Well, a smart young woman from Boston what knows all about it told me they were 3,000 years old, and that was six years ago, so they must be 3,006 now—goin' on 3,007."—San Francisco Post.

Wanted—An Instance.

Marie—Proposals should never be made by letter, anyhow.

Nettie—Did you ever hear of one that was declined simply on that account?—N. Y. Truth.

Impossible to Accept.

"Will you be my wife, Fraulein Paula, and make me happy?" "I am sorry, doctor, but I should like to be happy myself."—Humoristische Blaetter.

HUMOROUS.

"A woman thinks that a bed is not complete nor pretty without a lot of useless, fluffy things on the pillows.—Washington (La.) Democrat."

"That horrid Miss Blumers tried to be so mannish. She actually smokes cigarettes." "I don't see anything mannish in that."—Indianapolis Journal.

"Up-to-Date Burglar (turning his X-ray lantern on his victim): "In addition to a watch, you have in your pocket 213 marks in gold and silver. Out with it, or I'll shoot."—Fliegende Blaetter."

"Inquiring Spectator (at the races): "Which horse was it that won?" Speculative Spectator (gloomily): "I don't know the name of the horse that won, but I know the names of most of the horses that didn't win."—N. Y. Weekly."

"These berths are for the passengers," said the Pullman porter to the countryman to whom he was exhibiting the new car. "And where are your quarters?" asked the innocent visitor. "In a good, safe bank," returned the porter, with a grin.—Harlem Life."

"Miss Cayenne complimented you very highly after you told that story at the dinner table," remarked one young man. "She liked that story, did she?" "No. But she thought it illustrated a very admirable trait in your character. It showed that you never go back on an old friend."—Washington Star."

A Serious Drawback.—Hungry Dawson—"By gee! I sometimes think our profession is just about the meanest business goin'." Hobo Hank—"Huh! Wot's wrong wid it?" Hungry Dawson—"Well, w'en other fellers is abused, they kin strike; but, dern it all, the only way we could strike would be by goin' to work!"—Truth."

Aged Husband.—"You are going to ruin me with your extravagance. You don't need that cape any more than a cat needs two tails. How often have I told you never to buy anything because it is cheap?" Young Wife (with the air of one who has got the better of the argument): "But it was not cheap. It cost ten pounds."—London Figaro."

ELECTRIC LIGHT KILLS TREES.

Destroying Branches That Are Near Them—Trees Need Sleep.

Electric light is killing the trees of Chicago. This is the discovery which has been made recently by men interested in botany and forestry, and an examination has convinced the skeptical of the truth of the statement.

Since the city was lighted by the big arc lights, which are placed at the corners of the principal streets and in the middle of some of the long blocks, many of the trees have been gradually dying. The decay has been slow, but that is has been sure is perfectly true in the opinion of those who study trees in their physical health day by day just as a physician can notice the slow growth of disease in the human being. Of late the decay has become marked, so that it may be noticed by the layman as well as the trained scientist. Dead branches may be noticed on many trees in various parts of the city near electric arc lights. Most of the trees, within 15 feet of arc lights, which have been placed in their present position more than a year or two ago, are dying rapidly, and are nearly stripped to their lowest branches. And then on the other branches the leaves have not been as plentiful as in the past.

The nearer the tree is to the light the greater the damage and the faster they decay under the influence of the electric light, but even those within a hundred feet of the arc lights feel their influence, although to a modified extent.

A stroll around the city shows the same condition of affairs everywhere, and those who have investigated the matter have convinced themselves beyond the possibility of mistake that the electric light is responsible for the injury, and it is not, as some might suggest, due to the smoke and noxious atmosphere of the great city.

A scientist interested in the matter has been corresponding with botanists in other cities, and he finds that the same decay of trees placed near electric lights is noticed in every city. It is especially evident in Montreal and Philadelphia, the two best lighted cities on the American continent.

The trees begin to lose their leaves and the branches to gradually decay on top or on the side facing the lights and gradually losing them downward.

The theory of botanists is that the injury is due to the fact that the light has the same effect that it would have on a human being who was compelled to live constantly within its glare. The trees are unable to sleep at night. When they, like the rest of nature, need sleep the great glaring electric lights prevent it. Trees are unable to live in almost eternal day. They are like the rest of nature, whether animals or plants, and demand rest.

It is the theory of some wise scientific men that the electric light is not only responsible for injury to plant life in its immediate vicinity, but that it has an injurious effect on man. They are said by some to be responsible for human sight defects and nervousness and insomnia. The glare of the lights injures the eyes and makes increased nervousness. The lights themselves often interfere to some extent with the sleep of those who are in their immediate vicinity.—Chicago Times-Herald.

All Off.

Miss Summit—Why, I thought you were surely going to marry the duke, dear!

Miss Palisade—I was, but he has just called papa canceling the order.—N. Y. Truth.

Useless at Home.

"What was all that rumpus in the next flat?"

"It was that football rusher's wife trying to get him to walk the baby to sleep."—Detroit Free Press.

GEO. W. DAVIS.

DEALER IN—

Furniture, Window Shades, Oil Cloths, Carpets, Mattresses, Etc.

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One hundred good rooms. Electric lights, hot and cold baths, barber shop and Postal telegraph office, etc. (21jy96-1y)

TREES! TREES!

FALL 1896.

FULL stock of Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Grape Vines, Small Fruits, Asparagus and everything for the Orchard, Lawn and Garden. We employ no agents. Try us on prices and see the difference between those of a grower and dealer. Catalogue on application to

H. F. HILLENMEYER,

Lexington, Ky.



Do not be deceived by altering advertisements and think you can get the best made, finest finish and MOST POPULAR SEWING MACHINE for a mere song. Buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by a long and successful dealing. There is none in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty of appearance or had as many improvements as the NEW HOME.

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U. S. REVENUE STAMPS WANTED

BY—

T. L. Green, County Clerk, Mt. Olivet, Ky.

I want to buy for cash the following U. S. Revenues, either canceled or uncanceled, at the prices annexed when stamps are sent in good condition:

1 cent Express, red, imperforate.....	5 cents
1 cent Express, red, part perforate.....	5 cents
1 cent Playing Cards, red, imperforate.....	20 cents
1 cent Playing Cards, red, part perforate.....	10 cents
1 cent Playing Cards, blue, imperforate.....	10 cents
2 cent Bank Check, blue, part perforate.....	5 cents
2 cent Certificate, blue, imperforate.....	5 cents
2 cent Certificate, blue, full perforate.....	10 cents
2 cent Certificate, orange, full perforate.....	10 cents
2 cent Exp. ess, blue, imperforate.....	5 cents
2 cent Exp. ess, blue, part perforate.....	10 cents
2 cent Playing Cards, blue, imperforate.....	10 cents
2 cent Playing Cards, orange.....	10 cents
2 cent Proprietary, blue, imperforate.....	15 cents
2 cent Proprietary, blue, part perforate.....	10 cents
2 cent Proprietary, orange, full perforate.....	15 cents
3 cent Playing Card, green, imperforate.....	20 cents
3 cent playing card, green, full perforate.....	20 cents
3 cent Telegraph, green, imperforate.....	10 cents
4 cent Playing Card, violet, perforate.....	50 cents
4 cent Proprietary, violet, part perforate.....	20 cents
4 cent Express, red, imperforate.....	10 cents
5 cent Playing Card, red, perforate.....	10 cents
5 cent Proprietary, perforate.....	10 cents
6 cent Proprietary, orange, perforate.....	10 cents
10 cent Bill of Lading, blue, part perforate.....	15 cents
2 cent Bond, imperforate.....	0 cents
40 cent Inland Exchange, imperforate.....	7 cents
50 cent Probate of Will, imperforate.....	\$1 25
70 cent Foreign Exchange, green, imperforate.....	9 cents
81 Life Insurance, imperforate.....	31
81 Manifest, imperforate.....	10
81 Mortgage, full perforate.....	\$1 25
90 Passage Ticket, imperforate.....	1 50
1 30 Foreign Exchange, orange, imperforate.....	3 00
1 50 Foreign Exchange, maroon.....	4 00
3 50 Inland Exchange, imperforate.....	5 00
40 Probate of Will, imperforate.....	7 00
20 00 Probate of Will, imperforate.....	30 00
1 30 Blue and Black.....	1 50
1 50 Blue and Black.....	2 00
5 cent Black and Green, proprietary.....	5 cents
5 cent Black and Green, proprietary.....	5 cents
10 cent Black and Green, proprietary.....	5 cents
10 cent Black & Green, proprietary.....	5 cents
1 00 Black and Green, proprietary.....	5 00
5 00 Black and Green, proprietary.....	15 00

I also wish to buy old canceled postage stamps and stamped envelopes of any and all denominations from 1840 to 1875, for which I will pay liberal prices. Address

T. L. GREEN, County Clerk,

Mt. Olivet, Ky.

NOTE—The above named stamps can be found on Bonds, Mortgages, Notes, Receipts, Agreements, Bank Checks, etc., from 1861 to 1875; also on Proprietary Medicines, Matches, etc.

The foregoing offer is genuine—made in good faith, and will be carried out to the letter in every instance when I receive the stamps I have mentioned in good order. Reference—Mt. Olivet Deposit Bank or any official of Robertson county.

T. L. GREEN, County Clerk.

Can't tell you all about the new styles, handsome designs, beautiful fabrics, extra variety, low prices, superior quality and fine workmanship of our goods in this limited space, but we want you to write for our 1896 Illustrated Catalogue. This is the largest and best catalogue we ever published. Ask for Cat. M. It contains about 200 pages, and cost no lot of money and time, but you can have one free. We have added a fine line of BICYCLES at lowest prices. ALLIANCE CARLAGE CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE PAGE COILED SPRING WOVEN WIRE FENCE.



MILLER & COLLINS, Agents, PARIS, KENTUCKY.

This is a smooth fence that will turn any kind of stock. It is made from the best hard steel drawn specially for the purpose.

HOW IT IS MADE. The large steel wires forming the horizontal bars are first coiled around a 1 inch rod, thus practically becoming COILED SPRINGS their entire length. These are securely tied together by 16 cross bars to the rod. The cross bars are best quality of annealed wire (galvanized), wrapped three times around each horizontal bar.

ITS ADVANTAGES. Being a SELF REGULATOR IT IS ALWAYS ready for business, slacks up for 30 below as cheerfully as it takes a new grip for 90 in the shade, gently, but firmly persuades a runaway team to reconsider its action. An unruly bull is safe as a canary in its cage; it saith unto the festive hog, "thus far shalt thou pass by and it heeds them not. There is no terror in the locomotive spark. The trespasser is not led into temptation, and the rail stealer's "occupation is gone." The hired man and the lagging tramp, alike scorn it proffered shade. Like the model housewife, when well supported, it is always neat and tidy.

THREE POSTS TO THE 100 FEET. Economy is not our sole object in placing posts for farm fence at the unusual distance of 20 to 30 feet apart. Farmers say, "the closer the posts the better the fence." That may apply to common fences, but depending largely on its elasticity we PREFER the long panel. For cemeteries, lawns, yards, etc., they should of course be nearer, 12 to 20 feet is not objectionable.

We have completed (and are now building) a lot of this fence for Bourbon farmers and you can examine into its merits for yourself.

Estimates cheerfully furnished. You may put up the posts and we will build the fence, or we will contract to do the whole job. If you are needing any fence, see us. We will save you money and still build you the best fence made.

Respectfully,
MILLER & COLLINS,
PARIS, KY.

The Page Wire Fence in Bourbon.

MILLERSBURG, KY., May 4, '96. MESSRS. MILLER & COLLINS, Agents, Paris, Kentucky.

Gentlemen:—I have had the Page Woven Wire Fence on my farm for about eighteen months and am well pleased with it. It has proved to be all that is claimed for it. It turns all kinds of stock, and is as tight as it was the day it was put up and has stood some severe tests. A horse of one of my neighbors fell across the fence

AGRICULTURAL HINTS

WAGON-BOX LIFTER.

A Simple Device That Saves Lots of Back-ache and Temper.

Below is a description, with cuts, of a wagon-box lifter that we have had in use for ten years. In that time it has paid for itself several times over in the saving of backaches and temper. I think Figs. 1 and 2 will make its construction plain. Fig. 1 shows the frame, or a portion of it, of the wagon shed and corn crib, with apparatus in place, and the wagon-box lifted part way. Fig. 2 shows the roller and drum, with ropes in place, detached.

The first thing we did was to spike (or bolt) two joists to the rafters as shown at L Fig. 1, and far enough between them to take a roller as long, at least, as the wagon-box, Fig. 2. Then we made a roller of 4x4 oak, leaving it square where it passed through the drum, A, Fig. 2. Then we bored an inch hole lengthwise in each end of the roller and drove in each hole a round

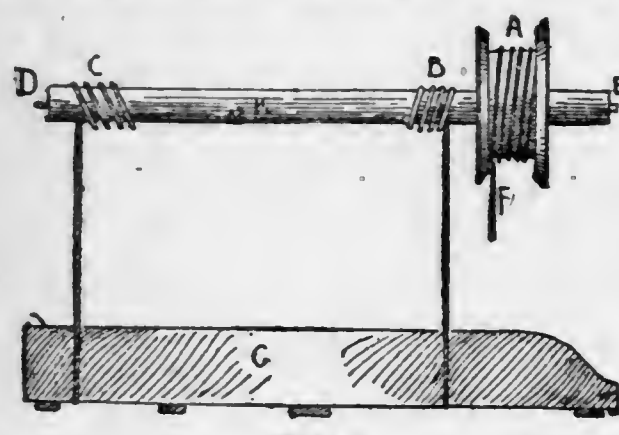


FIG. 1.

iron pin for a gudgeon. Then by cutting a notch in the pieces L (as at K, Fig. 1), the roller was placed in position.

The drum is 15 inches in diameter and 6 inches long, with flanges 3 inches deep at A, Fig. 2.

The ropes C and B, Fig. 2, are 7/8 inch and are wound around the roller the same direction and are long enough to reach to the ground. The lower ends of the rope are attached to large rings as shown at D, Fig. 1. To these rings are attached two other ropes that go around the wagon-box; one end of

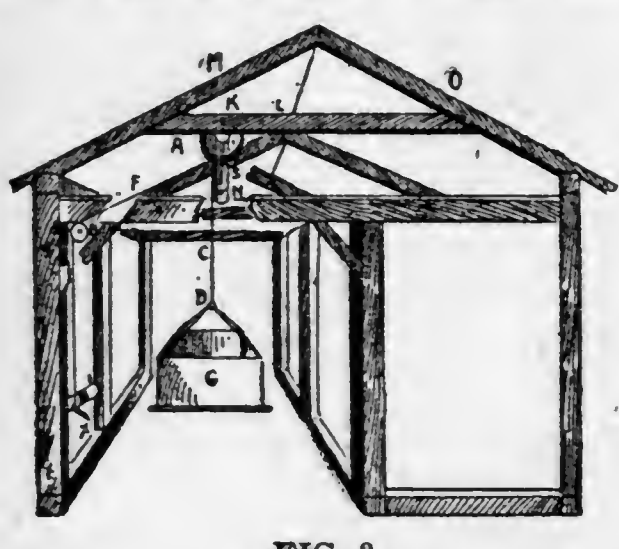


FIG. 2.

each of these ropes has a hook attached. Around the drum is wound a 1/2-inch rope, but, of course, in the opposite direction to the ropes C and B, so that when the rope on the drum unwinds the other two wind up. The rope on the drum passes over a pulley B, Fig. 1, then down the side of the wall to the roller I, placed at a suitable height for winding while standing on the ground. The pins, X, work loosely through the roller I, and have knobs on each end to prevent them from dropping out.

After you have everything in place, drive your wagon under the roller, place the ropes under each end of wagon-box, and begin winding the roller I, Fig. 1, and see how easy it is for one man to remove a heavy wagon-box, and that without danger to either man or box.

We use cross-poles under the box after it is up out of the way, that rest on the nailing ties on each side of shed, to prevent any danger of the box falling. A careful examination of the two cuts will make all this plain.—C. L. Reamer, in Ohio Farmer.

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

Keep the manure hauled out during the winter, applying on the field where it is most needed.

The more a milch cow will assimilate in excess of what is required for maintenance the better.

Cleanliness is as essential as shelter and food. Stock will not eat wet fodder to an advantage.

No matter how good a pedigree an animal may have, individual merit and good conditions are essential.

The principal advantage in using salt as a fertilizer is that it helps to make plant food in the air available.

With quite a number of farm products, low prices are caused not so much by overproduction as by poor quality.

With fattening hogs, allowing food to remain within reach after the appetite is satisfied injures the digestion and decreases thrift.—Farmers' Union.

Needs Careful Investigation. Dealing in "futures" is a system that should be carefully investigated by congress. Some maintain that it is an advantage to farmers, while others assert that it depresses prices while products are held by the producers, the rise in prices going to a class which simply deposit certain sums as wagers on the results. There is no doubt, however, as long as the system exists there will continue to be an uncertainty in prices, and that the farmer will be compelled to suffer all the losses, but will not share in the profits. Much of the business done by the manipulators of wheat and other grains is not based on the articles at all, as it frequently happens that more grain is sold than exists in the whole country.—Colman's Rural World.

A Homemade Bag Holder. We glean the following idea from the Farmer's Advocate: Take an inch board, three feet long by 14 inches wide, and saw it. Then take two slats, three inches wide and three feet long, and nail them upright to the board about five inches from the top, to serve as feet. Drive a wire nail through each corner of board, and turn them up a little to hook the bags on. Nail the board down at the bottom, and one man can fill and tie the bags as fast as two men can clean the grain.

LICE ON LIVE STOCK.

As with All Other Ills Prevention Is Much Better Than Cure.

Lousiness is largely the result of stinking feed and the neglect to groom properly. Stock kept in a thrifty, proper condition are rarely, if ever, infested by these pests unless they come in contact with animals that are infested. But one lousy animal running with other stock will soon communicate the lice to all. When the insects once get a start they multiply so rapidly that in a short time the animal is fairly alive with them and is kept in perfect torment. It is next to impossible to get a lousy animal into a thrifty condition until the lice are gotten rid of.

Stock that have to lie out, exposed to cold and storms, and are ill-fed are almost certain to become infested; this is so much the case that it seems that poor condition breeds lice.

As with all other ills to which stock is liable, prevention is much better than cure. Feeding well, giving clean, comfortable quarters with proper grooming, so as to keep the skin clean, will keep lice from getting a start.

One of the best, if not the best, remedies is staves-acre seeds, thoroughly bruised, and vinegar. This lotion will not only kill the lice, but destroy the nests as well. The staves-acre seeds brushed and made into an ointment with lard is also a good remedy. It will be a good plan to repeat the application in ten days or two weeks, especially if the animals are badly affected.

In mild cases common tobacco steeped in water and sponged over the skin will rid the animal of lice. Still another remedy is to take one ounce of tobacco, two ounces of ground white hellebore, with about two pints and a half of vinegar; boil all well together strain and then sponge the animals with it.

Feeding sulphur is also a good aid in ridding animals of lice. The objection to it is that if while it is in the system the animal should get wet considerable injury may result.

The quarters should be thoroughly cleaned up and whitewashed. It will help if carbolic acid is added to the whitewash. Generally it will pay to repeat the whitewash in a week or ten days.

When stock have been allowed to run together, if a portion of them show that they are infested with these pests it is best to treat all of them.—St. Louis Republic.

STOCK FARM BARN.

A Plan That Has Given Great Satisfaction to Its Designer.

The barn building illustrated below may be of any size desirable, the arrangement of stalls, bins, etc., fitting it for various dimensions. The upper plan represents the front elevation of the structure; 1 are the driveway through the barn; 2, the central portion containing bins and cribs; 3, stalls for stock; 4, driveway over the entrance to basement; 5, doors into stalls; 6, mangers; 7, mows for hay and straw; 8, entrance into sheep fold. The floor of the middle part of the

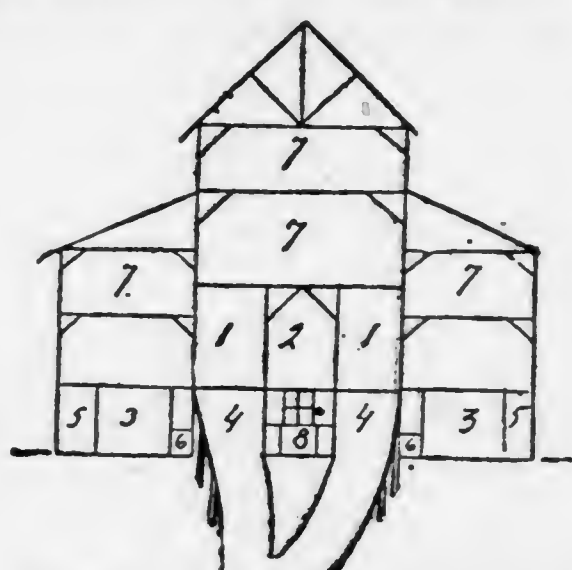


FIG. 2 STALLS.

SOUTHWESTERN BARN PLAN.

barn (all of the barn except stalls) is 5 feet from the ground and under this floor is the sheep fold. The lower figure, 2, represents the raised floor; 1, oat bin; 2, wheat bin; 3, corn bins; 4, driveways through the barn; 5, passageways between bins and cribs. The stalls for stock are at the sides, the animals facing the driveways.—Farm and Home.

HORSES STILL USEFUL.

Farmers' Boys Will Find a Colt More Profitable Than a Wheel.

In the highest civilization horses are essential, whether for work or for pleasure. City street hauling and farm work must yet be done in the same old way with horses. More machinery means more horses and wagons. In spite of the bicycles, more carriages and buggies are made than ever.

The farmer should think twice before he invests \$100 for a wheel for his boy. Try him with a good colt instead. In two years the colt will have eaten about half as much as the wheel has, and the boy likes him better every day, because it is growing in value, and the idea of profitable investment is implanted.

As the chances for our western ranges are continually narrowing, and as our export trade is continually growing, we would seem to be surely approaching a better era for the producer. There may be ups and downs yet, but these united conditions must certainly establish a higher range of value for the future.—Wisconsin Agriculturist.

Produce Only the Best.

When looking over the prices quoted for any article produced on the farm and which is to be sold it may be noticed that there is quite a difference between "inferior" and "extra choice" grades. The difference between three and four cents per pound is but a cent, but it represents \$2.50 on a 250-pound hog. Only the "extra choice" brings the highest price, and no farmer should sell anything that cannot be so graded.

MATCH MAKING.

The Dangers of Bringing About Matrimonial Alliances.

"Of all afflictions," said a young professional man who has just had an experience, "deliver me from the matchmaker. I feel myself competent to struggle with most of the ills of life; I have built up a good business in the face of what seemed impossible obstacles, and have maintained my standing and position, mentally, morally, physically, socially and financially, and have looked after members of my family who were unable to look after themselves. And all of this undertaking hasn't been half so trying and perplexing as the efforts of my friends to find me a wife, and the irritation incident to my refusal to accept the young woman when she was found and placed as a tempting bait before my eyes. I have quarreled with some of my boon companions, had unpleasantnesses with a number of my closest friends, and have indulged in infelicitous, domestic and otherwise, when exasperated and hurried past further endurance. I have gently indicated to the members of my family and others that a little light mental gymnastics in the way of minding their own business would be of untold benefit to their intellects and a blessing unspeakable to me. And then there have been sharp words and tears and reproaches, and I have been made to appear ungrateful and unappreciative because I really wouldn't see what was best for me! As if a man who has reached the age of 40 years and has taken care of himself at least half of that time, isn't capable of judging even the least little bit of what is good for him! In the first place, I am not specially anxious to marry, and in the second, I want to make my own selection, unhampered and unbiased by the views of anybody else. Haven't I got to live with her? And isn't my interest in the matter altogether ahead of that of anyone else? It seems so to me, and yet people will persist in forcing upon my attention ladies whom I would, under no circumstances, think of for a moment in such a relation.

"One of my best friends, a lady in whose family I have for years been almost as much at home as in my own dwelling, made up a little party, a few months ago, for a week's trip through the Adirondacks. When everything was settled, indeed just as we were about to start, I learned, for the first time, that my special comrade was a young woman to whom I had shown some attention the season before, but whose intimate acquaintance I had dropped for reasons not at all reflecting upon her, but simply because I was just a little weary of some of her peculiarities. For a moment I was inclined to give up the outing, the more so as my friend was fully aware of my feelings toward the young woman, but did not in the least sympathize with them. She liked her and determined to throw us together and literally force a proposal. Indeed, I afterward learned that she had said she would have us engaged before we were back again.

"Well, the long and short of it was we were not only engaged, but such desperate efforts were made to put me in a position where I could not in common reason refuse to propose to the girl that I was thoroughly disgusted, and haven't seen my friends since our little journey ended. And I care very little if we never meet again. Matchmakers have need of the greatest skill and adroitness in order to avoid bungling. And such skill is possessed by very few persons in this middle-class world. It therefore behooves the average individual to be very wary of trying to force the inclinations of those between whom they desire to establish matrimonial alliances. Love is easily led, but never driven, a fact that a great many would-be matchmakers never seem to realize."—N. Y. Ledger.

WORLD'S BOOK PRODUCTION.

Interesting But Faulty Figures Secured from a French Source.

A French authority gives some interesting figures as to the annual production of books. In 1895, according to this statement, 6,516 new books and new editions were issued in Great Britain, 5,469 in the United States, 23,607 in Germany, 12,495 in France and 9,437 in Italy. These are remarkable figures, but before any deductions are made from them it would be desirable to have some further information as to the manner in which the books have been compiled. Does anyone seriously suppose that more books are printed and published in Italy than in the United States? The fact is that the bibliographical methods of the countries named are so dissimilar that accurate comparison is impossible. The lists of publications given in the British trade journals are notoriously incomplete. Probably they include all that is important from the bookseller's point of view, but they take little or no account of the analogues of nonacademic dissertations, reprints of magazine articles, triffles printed per nozze, and a variety of other pamphlets and small books that go to swell the figures of the "book production" of continental countries. Thus every person who takes a degree at one of the many universities in Germany must print a dissertation, and this, if it be only a compilation of a few pages, counts as a "book" when the figures come to be tabulated, and deepens the impression that every man in the fatherland of Goethe is engaged, more or less, in adding to the literature of the world. The Author.

Criminal Carelessness.

Newspaper Weather Prophet (big New York daily)—See here! If you don't discharge that careless foreman, our weather reputation will be ruined. Great Editor—My goodness! What has he done? "Done! What hasn't he done? In the paper to-day is my prediction for yesterday, which he forgot to take out, and right alongside of it is the official report of yesterday's weather."—N. Y. Weekly.

DID WHAT SHE COULD.

The Noble Self-Sacrifice of a Minister's Daughter.

Some years ago a clergyman moved from New England to the northern part of Iowa and settled upon a farm. Many people said that he was foolish to do this; that he was throwing his life away. He left behind him a comfortable home, pleasant associations, libraries, schools and congenial neighbors. Besides, he was old and beginning to be feeble. But he felt that there was awaiting him a broad field, unplowed and ready for spiritual cultivation.

He had meant to go into this home missionary work years before, but his wife had persuaded him to wait until their daughter had finished her education at an eastern college. Now the opportunity had arrived, and with an eagerness like that of youth he left a community that, as he expressed it, had been "for generations preached to death," in order to go to a people begging to be preached to life.

There in the middle west the family built a small cabin of three rooms and a "lean-to" for the kitchen. No trees protected them from the burning sun in summer or the fierce hurricanes in winter. The country was new. There were no roads. Their nearest neighbor was six miles away across the prairie, and one Sunday the good man, after preaching to an audience of 12 persons several miles from his home, was lost in a blizzard in endeavoring to return to it. From the effects of this exposure he died and his wife soon followed him.

The daughter, 20 years of age, was left alone. What was she to do? Should she pack up and return to the comfortable east, or stay and fight it out in the pioneer west? She decided to stay and continue her father's work.

She went out upon the vast prairie to teach. Most of the settlers there were Norwegians, and in a little two-roomed house, occupied by a large family, she went to board so that she might learn the language. But the food was so poor that she became ill. Finally she secured the position of principal in a small, struggling college. Here her surroundings were pleasant, but the trustees could not pay her salary, and after three years she went back to the prairie. This time she boarded with a kind but ignorant Irish family. During the winter the mother died, leaving two little girls to care for a household of men. Here, the teacher found her mission in life.

She taught those girls how to work. She helped them to cook, to sew, to make their own clothes, to make the home cheerful and sweet. She made herself an elder sister to the two. She shared their whole life. She mended with them, baked with them, made butter with them, milked with them, and endured the hay-field with them. Soon the two sisters became noted for their gentleness, consideration and excellent home qualities. Wherever they went they carried a spirit of helpfulness and an electric ray of cheerfulness.

But the world never knew of the sacrifice of the minister's daughter, who spent some of the best years of her life in dreary hardship in order to make the lives of two other girls worth living. The story of this noble sacrifice came recently to the writer, from the west. What can be said of her who would have had the sweet, but chose the bitter for humanity's and for Christ's sake? There are many bright, educated eastern girls in the west, enduring poverty and hardship as soldiers of the Master, that they may do all they can for Him. Such unreserved giving up of self ought to shame us out of our easy, self-satisfied lives of nominal Christian service.—Youth's Companion.

Mackerel Getting Wary.

Cape Cod fishermen complain that the mackerel of to-day are not to be taken by any of the methods that proved successful with their ancestors. The first result of the constant pursuit of which these fish were the objects was almost to exterminate them. Only the most knowing mackerel survived, and their progeny, though now very numerous again, manifest an adroitness in escaping from nets and hooks that is immensely pleasing to people seeking confirmation for the theory of natural selection, but most exasperating to men with a living to earn.—N. Y. Sun.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 18.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle, common	2 10 @ 3 00
Select butchers	3 85 @ 4 25
CALVES—Fair to good light	5 00 @ 5 75
BOGS—Common	2 50 @ 3 10
Light packers	3 20 @ 3 40
Light shippers	3 30 @ 3 50
SHEEP—Common	3 10 @ 3 50
LAMS—Good to choice	4 00 @ 5 00
CORN—No. 2 mixed	3 80 @ 3 90
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	88 1/2 @ 91
No. 3 red	88 1/2 @ 89 1/2
Corn—No. 2 mixed	23 1/2 @ 24
Oats—No. 2	19 @ 19 1/2
Rye—No. 2	36 @ 36 1/2
HAY—Prime	11 50 @ 12 1/2
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork	10 @ 10 1/2
Lard—Prime steam	8 @ 8 30
BUTTER—Choice dairy	21 @ 21 1/2
Prime to choice creamery	20 @ 21
APPLES—Per bbl.	1 50 @ 1 75
POTATOES—New, per bbl.	90 @ 1 10
NEW YORK.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	4 90 @ 5 15
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 1 northern	90 1/2 @ 91 1/2
No. 2 red	89 1/2 @ 90 1/2
CORN—No. 2 mixed	23 1/2 @ 24
OATS—Mixed	19 1/2 @ 20 1/2
PORK—New mess	8 25 @ 8 75
LARD—Western	4 @ 4 25
CHICAGO.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	4 35 @ 4 60
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2	87 1/2 @ 88 1/2
No. 2 Chicago spring	87 1/2 @ 88 1/2
CORN—No. 2	22 1/2 @ 23 1/2
OATS—Mixed	19 1/2 @ 20 1/2
PORK—Mess	7 82 @ 8 12
LARD—Steam	3 95 @ 3 97
BALTIMORE.	
FLOUR—Family	4 50 @ 4 85
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2	26 1/2 @ 27 1/2
Corn—Mixed	24 @ 25
OATS—Mixed	21 @ 22
PORK—Mess	8 10 @ 8 35
CATTLE—First quality	4 00 @ 4 35
HOGS—Western	3 75 @ 3 90
INDIANAPOLIS.	
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2	88 @ 89
Corn—No. 2 mixed	23 @ 24
OATS—No. 2	18 1/2 @ 19
LOUISVILLE.	
FLOUR—Winter patent	3 75 @ 4 00
GRAIN—Wheat—No. 2 red	88 @ 89
Corn—Mixed	23 @ 24
OATS—Mixed	19 @ 20
PORK—Mess	7 50 @ 7 60
LARD—Steam	4 @ 4 00

A Step Forward in Railroad Advertising.

One of the most elaborate and successful moves in the way of advertising transportation lines that has been seen recently, is that of the Queen & Crescent in the January issue of the Review of Reviews. While it appears in the advertising pages of that magazine, it is not so much an advertisement as it is an article of unusual interest concerning the equipment of tracks and trains on the modern line of railway. It is a revelation to most people to know that such a line exists south of the Ohio River. The block system, the electric equipment such as track signals, locomotive headlights, crossing gongs, all go to provide for the swift movement of trains and is found here. The track is of heavy steel and the ballast of crushed stone and over this roadbed passenger trains of the most luxurious pattern hurry to and fro on schedules which each year are made a little shorter.

No wonder that the old folks stand in a troop of chiding mothers when little boys wear trousers and grown men wear knickerbockers. —Washington Star.

In Palace Sleeping Cars From Lake Michigan to the Potomac.

A new line of Pullman sleepers between Chicago, Washington, D. C., and Baltimore, via the "Queen City," commencing January 24th line C. H. & D. Ry., and Monon Route, in connection with the B. & O. and B. & O. S. W. Railways, will operate a line of Pullman sleepers between Chicago and Washington City. The schedule will be as follows: Leave Chicago 2:45 a.m., Indianapolis 7:55 a.m., Cincinnati 12:05 p.m., Arrive Washington, D. C., 6:47 a.m., Baltimore 7:55 a.m. Returning the sleeper will leave Baltimore 11:00 a.m., Washington, D. C., 12:00 n.m., Cincinnati 3:30 a.m., Indianapolis 7:00 a.m., Arrive Chicago 12:00 n.m. The sleepers are of the latest Pullman pattern, equal to any running on any line.

A corn doctor says that if people walked where they would not have corns. If they didn't have to walk much they wouldn't care for corns.—Washington Democrat.

The Truth About Kansas.

No State in the union has been more slandered than Kansas. The western part of the State is as fine grazing country as the sun shines on, and the eastern 200 miles square raised more corn to the acre in 1896 than any other State in the union. With only the eastern part of the State raising corn and wheat the State ranks fifth in these cereals in this country. We have more churches and schools and less illiteracy per capita than any other state. Productive smooth farm land can be bought for from \$5 to \$40 per acre. Write to R. B. DUNN, Atchison, Kansas.

THERE is nothing that makes a good woman's heart so swell with pride as to have her pastor notice her absence from church.—Atchison Globe.

To Get Out of the Way.

When trouble is coming, is obviously the part of common sense. An obstruction of the bowels is a serious obstacle to health. To get this out of the way is an easy matter with the thorough laxative, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which, although it affords relief, never gripes and convulses like a drastic purgative. Dyspepsia, malarial, kidney and rheumatic ailments and nervousness yield to this genial family medicine.

THERE seems to be nothing people enjoy talking about so much as a married couple that don't get along very well.—Washington Democrat.

The Most Unique Calendar of the Season Has just been issued by the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Copy can be secured by sending six cents in stamps to cover postage, to A. J. SMITH, G. F. A., Cleveland.

THERE is an unwritten law among women that no woman should go further from home than two blocks with a shawl over her head.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents. Over 400,000 cured. Why not let No-To-Bac regulate or remove your desire for tobacco. Saves money, makes health and manhood. Cure guaranteed, 50c and \$1.00, all druggists.

EVERYONE who doesn't have to light the fires in the morning preaches against using coal oil for that purpose.

The pain that tortures—sciatica. The cure that cures it—St. Jacobs Oil.

Good breeding is doing nothing needlessly that one thinks will hurt or displease others.—N. Y. Weekly.

Sore and stiff from cold; don't wait and suffer; use St. Jacobs Oil and get cured.

Most young married couples begin house-keeping with hope and misfit wedding presents.—Atchison Globe.

Just try a 10c. box of Cascarets candy cathartic, finest liver and bowel regulator made

A short absence quickens love, a long absence kills it.—N. Y. Weekly.

A sprain may cripple but St. Jacobs Oil will cure it before it can. It cures.

Our happiness is but an unhappiness more or less couched.—N. Y. Weekly.

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa.

1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch Process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because beans of the finest quality are used.
4. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
5. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. LTD., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

MILLIONS NOW USE PEARLINE

ALL DRUGGISTS

ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or irritate, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STEERING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Canada, New York.

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

REGULATE THE LIVER

CASCARETS

CURE CONSTIPATION

10¢ 25¢ 50¢

ALL DRUGGISTS

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10¢ 25¢ 50¢

REGULATE THE LIVER

CASCARETS

CURE CONSTIPATION

10¢

MASTER'S SALE — OF — Land!

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

I. S. Crouch's Assignee, Plaintiff,
vs.
I. S. Crouch, etc., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment of the Bourbon Circuit Court made and entered in the above styled cause, on the 3d day of July, 1896, and the supplemental judgment made and entered in the same cause, on the 19th day of December, 1896, I will sell publicly at the Court-house door, in Paris, Kentucky, on

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 22, 1897,

about the hour of 12 o'clock noon, the following described lands belonging to the assigned estate of the late I. S. Crouch, to-wit:

A tract of 300 acres lying on the waters of Plum Lick creek, in Bourbon County, Kentucky, and situated on Plum Lick pike near the Montgomery county line and being what is known as the "Home Farm" of the late I. S. Crouch, and which is fully described by metes and bounds as tract No. 1, in the judgment made and entered in the above styled cause, on July 3d, 1896, and fully described in the petition herein, to which said petition and said judgment reference is made for a full description of said land by metes and bounds; or so much of said land as may be necessary to satisfy the debt and interest of Sallie Y. Henderson, guardian, etc., amounting on the day of sale to \$13,023.81 and her costs amounting to \$172.35. The portion of said land which may be sold to pay said debt, interest and costs will be sold free of any dower claim in favor of Sarah J. Crouch, the widow of Isaac S. Crouch.

Also, at the same time and place, I will sell a tract of 231 acres, 1 rood and 24 poles of land, less that portion thereof lying in Montgomery County, Kentucky, and being about 60 or 65 acres heretofore sold under an execution in favor of Geo. W. Bramblett. The entire tract is described by metes and bounds as follows:

Beginning at the stone letter F, on the plot corner to L. H. Reynolds; thence N 43.75 W 64.30 poles to a stone at 35 corner to same; thence N 33 W 67.70 poles to a stone at 36, corner to W. S. Richart; thence N 54 W 182 poles to a stone at 31.50 in Jas. Hedges' line; thence S 34 W 132 poles to a stone at 32, corner to Kelley Moore; thence S 52 E 115 poles to a stone in J. H. Marks' line, corner to J. H. Wilson heirs at 34; thence N 35 E 8 poles to a stone, buckeye tree, corner to said Marks; thence N 57.25 E 107.70 poles to the beginning. There is also to be excepted from this tract of land the portion thereof allotted to Sarah J. Crouch for dower, which is described as follows:

Beginning at a stone corner to Kelly Moore and running therefrom with his line S 50 E 115 poles to a stone; thence with Wilson's line S 51 E 94 poles to the middle of the Plum Lick Turnpike; thence N 29 E 52.96 poles the middle of same; thence N 48 W 39.20 poles to a stone; thence N 44 E 22.12 poles to a stone; thence N 44 E 108.40 poles to a stone in Dalzell's line; thence S 35 W 86.28 poles to the beginning, containing 85 acres. The said 85 acres so allotted to Sarah J. Crouch as dower will then be sold subject to said right of dower in favor of said Sarah J. Crouch.

There is also to be excepted from said 231 acres, 1 rood and 24 poles a tract of 18 acres, 2 rods and 16 poles, which is described as follows:

Beginning at (1) designated as the upper corner in a corn-field; thence N 69 W 36 poles to 2, a stake in the old Daniel Bradley line; thence S 3 W 34.88 poles to a locust stump; thence S 59 E 77 W; thence N 7 E 49.32 poles; thence N 69 W 38.68 poles to the beginning, which said last described portion of said land has been adjudged to belong to W. B. Crouch.

Also, at the same time and place, I will sell a tract of 76 1/2 acres, lying and situate in Bourbon county, Kentucky, described on the plot in the action of Bradley vs. Crouch as follows:

Beginning at a stake at figure 1 on the above plot designated as the upper corner of the cornfield; thence N 69 W 36.30 poles to 2, a stake in the old Daniel Bradley line; thence running the 3 next courses with said line, viz: S 3 W 34.88 poles to a locust stump at 3; thence N 53.75 W 11.44 poles to a stone at 4; thence S 36.25 W 98.12 poles to a stake at 5 in the Trimble line; thence with Trimble's line so as to strike the fence of the cornfield that Hiram has had in cultivation S 54 E 95 poles to 6; thence a straight line to strike the bars below the house N 32.50 105 poles to 7; thence with the face around the corner of the cornfield from where we started N 7 E 49.32 poles to 8; thence 69.50 W 38.68 poles to the beginning, containing 76 1/2 acres of land, less an undivided eighth (8) acres belonging to John Bradley, leaving the quantity of land to be sold by the undersigned Master Commissioner in the above boundary 68 1/2 acres.

Said land will be sold to pay the debts of the late I. S. Crouch and the costs of this suit. Said sale will be upon a credit of six, twelve and eighteen months for equal parts of the purchase money, for which the purchaser or purchasers will be required to execute bonds with good surety to be approved by the undersigned Master Commissioner payable to himself, and bearing interest from date until paid, at the rate of six per cent. per annum, having the force and effect of a judgment.

This, Jan. 15, 1897.

EMMETT M. DICKSON,
M. C. B. C. C.

HOUSE AND LOT—AND—BLACK— SMITH SHOP FOR SALE.

I DESIRE to sell my house and lot, with blacksmith shop, at Jacksonville, Ky. I will sell for half cash, balance in twelve months. For further particulars, address, or call on

BENJ. F. SHARON,
Jacksonville, Ky.

BARMAIDS IN LONDON

SOME VERY RESPECTABLE GIRLS
CHOOSE THIS VOCATION.

One of Them, a Beautiful Irish Lass, Explains Why Many of Them Do So—They Are Looking For Good Matrimonial Catches—Titles Wanted Usually.

Under the title "Feminine Types in London" Jesse Francis Sheppard gives in *Le Nouvelle Revue* an account of the London barmaids.

"They are recruited," he says, "among the bourgeoisie as well as among the lower classes. Some of the most interesting types can be found in the bars or public houses of the west end, close to the fashionable theaters. Among them are very many perfectly respectable girls, who have chosen the career of a barmaid in order to make a living and, especially if they are pretty, to get a chance to catch a rich husband."

"A public house, situated at the angle of one of the principal thoroughfares, is both a gilded palace and a mine of gold. It exercises a strange fascination upon the poor country bumpkins who have just enough to pay for a drink, but the dullest coming out of a theater, the country greenhorn, the fashionable snob and the frequenter of the music halls are always to be found there. It is among these that the barmaids hunt for a husband. If there is one class of London society more stupid than another, it is that one which includes the frequenters of the public houses. With a pipe in his mouth and a glass of beer or whisky in front of him the young Englishman, dressed in fashionable style, with a slight and elegant figure and regular features, remains standing for more than an hour paying pretty little compliments to one or several of these ladies."

"The barmaid judges her customers by the cut of their clothes. If you want to attract her attention, you must present yourself with a silk hat and a handsome cane in your hand and a suit cut in the latest fashion. The high hat is de rigueur. Without that there is no possible chance of success."

"It was not without difficulty that I managed to get an interview with one of these young ladies, whose intelligence was equal to her beauty. At first I was astonished at finding so much intelligence in an English girl, but I learned that she was Irish, and that explained the mystery. Her father was dead and her mother was left without resources. So she was determined to come to London and look for a husband by posing behind a bar in Piccadilly."

"I was hardly more than three days here," she said with an amiable and roguish air, "when I understood why it was that so many pretty English girls don't get husbands. When they are beautiful, they are generally stupid. When they are intelligent, they are cold, masculine and ugly. Englishmen travel a great deal and meet in their ramblings through the world very many sprightly women, and they do not care for pretty girls who don't know how to chat with them."

"But in this mixture that comes here to drink and chat," I said, "how do you distinguish the men of the world from the others?"

"I recognize them by three things," she said boldly, "by their figure, by their clothes and by their complexion. For the most part they are tall and thin, dressed in the latest fashion and have a complexion more or less bronzed. This last trait is the surest sign. Seeing that I looked astonished, she added: 'Nothing can be more simple. An English gentleman, if he has a fortune, passes three-fourths of his time hunting and in other open air exercise. The chaps who remain always in London have a paler and more delicate complexion, and, moreover, the expression of their faces is quite different from that of the others.'"

"Noticing with what attention I was listening to her, she continued: 'The gentlemen that I refer to have nothing elegant about them except their clothes, for their conversation lacks novelty. How can a man who understands nothing but hunting and cricket interest an intelligent woman? The conversation that goes on here in the name of wit makes me tired, but these gentlemen are the easiest of all to deceive. They are great big children in everything except sport and politics.'"

"But you are always engaged," I said, "and it is difficult to get an opportunity to chat with you. You must already have had several offers of marriage?"

"I have been only one month here, and I have already had three. Two were from very rich sportsmen, but riches alone won't do for me. What I am after," she added, laughing, "is a title. You know, I must have a title."

"At this moment the play in one of the neighboring theaters was over, and the public house was invaded by a crowd of men, more or less stylish. The beautiful Irish girl kept herself somewhat aloof and only served customers that had the appearance of gentlemen."

"Well, I left London. A few months afterward, on returning there, I wanted to see once more my beautiful Irish barmaid. She was gone. Another lady was in her place, and she told me that Miss Clara had left to marry the second son of a prominent nobleman."

Addition to Yellowstone Park.

Captain Anderson, superintendent of the Yellowstone National park, says that an effort is being made to secure legislation from congress which would add the Jackson's Hole country to the park. The area which it was proposed to take in is about 50 miles square and contains Jackson's lake and the Three Teton mountain peaks. It is rich in natural scenery and would, in the opinion of the captain, add materially to the park's attractiveness. Senator Carter of Montana has drafted a bill for that purpose, which has the endorsement of the senators from Montana and Idaho, but the Wyoming senators have not yet been won over.—Omaha Bee.

STOCK AND TURF NEWS.

Sales and Transfers Of Stock, Crop, Etc.—Turf Notes.

J. W. Thomas, Jr., of this city, sold a hoghead of tobacco for \$10.75 last week at Cincinnati.

C. S. Brent & Bro. have bought a number of crops of hemp at \$3.35 per cwt. There is a large crop of hemp in Bourbon this year but much of it is of an inferior grade.

B. F. Buckley made the following sales at the Central House, Louisville, the past week: Edwin Bedford 15 hds.—\$12, 12, 10.75, 10, 10, 8.50, 9.70, 9, 6.90, 5, 4.70, 3.40 to 3.10—average \$8.88. Lloyd Ashurst—19 hds.—\$7.60, 6.70, 6.70, 7, 6, 5.70, 5.70, 5.85, 5.40 to 3.70. Bishop Hibler—\$8.80, 9.70, 7.90, 7.60, 6.90, 6, 5.40 to 1.88. Joe Houston—\$7, 6.70, 4.40, 4.30, 5.05 to 1.50.

The wheat crop of Australia for the coming harvest is so short according to estimates reported to the State Department by Consul Bell, at Sydney, that it will reduce Australia from her position as sixth wheat exporting of the globe to about the eleventh wheat importing country. Instead of being an exporter of about 12,000,000 bushels per year, Australia will have to import not far from 5,000,000 bushels. The United States will supply the chief part of the world's deficiency, caused by the loss of Australia's product, and making a difference of 17,000,000 bushels.

Dear Sir:—I heard of Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey, and seeing many recommendations from different persons, of its wonderful valuable merits, I thought I would try a bottle. I have been seriously affected for twenty-five years with a cough and pains in my side and breast that were causing me a miserable life. I spent hundreds of dollars with doctors and for medicine, but everything failed until I tried this wonderful remedy. It beats the world and has saved my life. I recommend Dr. Bell's Pine Tar Honey to everybody with weak lungs. It is a great success.

J. B. ROSELL, Grantsburg, Ill.

**DESIRABLE RESIDENCE,
IN EAST PARIS,
For Rent, or, For Sale!**

MY home place, in East Paris, Ky., containing about fourteen acres. A substantial, well-improved brick house, eight rooms and kitchen; also brick servants' house; two good cisterns; large stable with ten box-stalls.

Possession given about 15th or 20th of November, 1896.

Address me at 97 East Main street, Lexington, Ky.

J. T. McMILLAN.

**C. A. DAUGHERTY,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER
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RAILROAD TIME CARD.

L. & N. R. R.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS:

From Cincinnati—11:16 a. m.; 5:30 p. m.; 10:15 p. m.

From Lexington—4:39 a. m.; 7:40 a. m.; 3:39 p. m.; 6:23 p. m.

From Richmond—4:35 a. m.; 7:42 a. m.; 3:33 p. m.

From Maysville—7:45 a. m.; 3:30 p. m.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS:

To Cincinnati—4:45 a. m.; 7:52 a. m.; 3:47 p. m.

To Lexington—7:53 a. m.; 11:27 a. m.; 5:40 p. m.; 10:21 p. m.

To Richmond—11:25 a. m.; 5:37 p. m.; 10:25 p. m.

To Maysville—7:50 a. m.; 6:30 p. m.

F. B. CARR, Agent.

KENTUCKY MIDLAND.

Arrive—3:30 a. m.; 5:28 p. m.

Leave—9:55 a. m.; 3:50 p. m.

Arrive—(Freight, carries passengers.) 4:25 p. m.; leaves 4:35 p. m.

W. H. COX, F. & P. AGENT.

TWIN BROTHERS' 10 GREAT BARGAIN DAYS,

CLOTHING, OVERCOATS, SUITS, PANTS, SHIRTS, HATS AND CAPS, UNDERWEAR, BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.



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Come in and get the prices on all goods. Come now while you have a big stock to select from.

Remember, this is a grand opportunity to buy goods very cheap. Remember the place:

TWIN BROTHERS,
BOURBON'S BIGGEST BARGAIN BRINGERS,
701-703 MAIN ST., PARIS, KY

MASTER'S SALE Assignee's Sale
— OF —
House, Lot, Etc., 188 1/2 ACRES OF LAND.

IN MILLERSBURG, KY.

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

Virgie L. Waite, etc., Plaintiffs,

vs.

H. H. Hunt, etc., Defendants.

By virtue of a judgment made and entered in the above styled cause on the 1st day of December, 1896, I will sell publicly on the premises in the town of Millersburg, Kentucky, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 2 p. m., on

SATURDAY, JAN. 23, 1897,

the following described real estate, to-wit:

A parcel of land with brick residence and shop thereon, located in the town of Millersburg, Bourbon County, Ky., consisting of lot No. 26, and part of lot No. 4, in the plat of said town, and being the same property conveyed to W. P. Hunt, deceased, by Ford & Bowen, by deed of record in the office of the Clerk of the Bourbon County Court, Deed Book 64, pages 6 and 7, excepting the part thereof conveyed to Fannie Hurst, by deed recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Bourbon County Court, Deed Book 64, page 12.

Said sale is made to satisfy the debt and interest of the plaintiff, Virgie L. Waite, amounting to \$239.35, and of the defendant, H. H. Hunt, for \$269.35, and of the defendant, Nancy Hunt, for \$269.35, and of the defendant, M. E. Longmire, for \$269.35, and of the defendant, Tennie H. Day, for \$315.92, making the total debts and interests on the day of sale, \$1,393.32, and the costs of this suit, \$53.10, making the total amount to be raised, \$1,446.42.

Said sale will be made upon a credit of six and twelve months for equal parts of the purchase money, for which the purchaser will be required to execute bonds, with good surety, to be approved by the undersigned Commissioner, payable to himself and bearing interest from the day of sale until paid, and having the force and effect of a judgment.

EMMETT DICKSON,

M. C. B. C. C.

McMILLAN & TALBOT, Attys.

Yesterday's Temperature.

The following is the temperature as noted yesterday by A. J. Winters & Co., of this city:

7 a. m. 25

9 a. m. 27

10 a. m. 27

12 m. 30

2 p. m. 32

3 p. m. 32

4 p. m. 34

5 p. m. 34

7 p. m. 39

BOURBON CIRCUIT COURT.

J. H. Letton's Assignee,

vs.

J. H. Letton, et al.

Acting under the orders of the Bourbon Circuit Court, the undersigned, as assignee of J. H. Letton, will, on

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1897,

sell at public outcry, the following described real estate:

Beginning at C a stone corner to John Will Letton's heirs in Chas. Beerraft's line, and running therefrom with said Beerraft's line S 89 E 117.88 P. to B a post in the West margin of Youngs Mill turnpike; thence along the same side of said turnpike S 3 W 120.80 poles to A, a point in the North margin of the Paris & Jackstown turnpike; thence along the same side of said turnpike N 86 1/2 W 124.60 P. to D, a corner to John Will Letton's heirs; thence N 61 E 117.28 P. to the beginning. Beginning in the middle of the Youngs Mill turnpike at E, a corner to Mrs. J. H. Letton and running therefrom with her lines S 87 E 99.80 P. to F, a locust stump corner to the same; thence S 84 E 58.92 P. to G, a stake corner to the same; thence S 24 E 76.100 of a pole to H, a walnut tree corner to the same and J. W. Letton; thence with said J. W. Letton's line N 21 E 104.64 P. to I, a corner to Henry S. Letton; thence with his line N 88 W 157.44 P. to J, the middle of said turnpike; thence S 41 W 98 P. to the beginning.

This valuable tract of farming land is located on the Jackstown turnpike, about five miles from Millersburg and is known as one of the most productive farms in Bourbon County. All of the fencing is in good condition and the improvements are first-class in every particular. It has on it a comparatively new two-story frame house; a fine stock barn and all necessary out buildings. Farm will be sold as a whole.

TERMS OF SALE.—Six twelve and twenty-four months. Purchaser, or purchasers, will be required to execute bonds with approved surety, or the purchaser may pay cash at his option. In default of any of the bonds the subsequent bonds will fall due and be payable.

Sale will begin promptly at 11 o'clock, a. m., solar time.

L. M. GREENE,

Assignee of J. H. Letton.

HARMON STITT, Attorney.

OPTICIAN
L. H. Landman, M. D.,

Of No. 509 W. Ninth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio,

Will be at the Windsor Hotel, Paris, Ky.,

TUESDAY, JAN. 12TH, 1897,

returning every second Tuesday in each month.

Optician Landman has been visiting this city regularly for over five years, and has adjusted glasses to the eyes of the best people of Paris and Bourbon County, and has proven himself competent, thorough, reliable and honest.

You can get Landman's glasses from Clark & Clay's drug store, between his visits, and when he makes his regular visit he will examine your eyes thoroughly and make any change necessary to give satisfaction. Examination free.

REFERENCES.—Drs. W. & J. Fithian, Eads, Buck, Fithian & Bowen, and C. D. Cram, of Paris.

Cincinnati Weekly Commercial Tribune

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